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# TABLE 1: BASIC MACROECONOMIC INDICATORS FOR THE CROATIAN ECONOMY

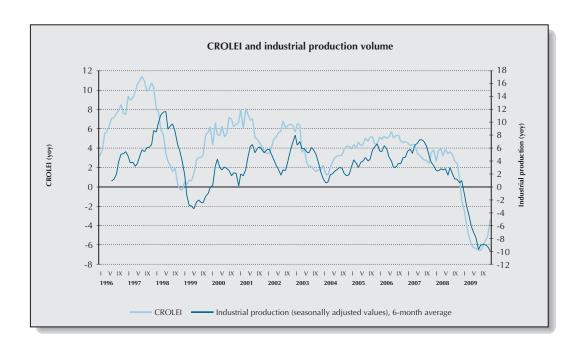
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008	2009		200	9					2009			
	2004	2005	2006	2007	2000	2009	Q1	Q2	Q3	Q4	VI	VII	VIII	IX	X	XI	XII
GDP, current prices (mil. HRK)	245 550	264 367	286 341	314 223	342 159	-	77 867	84 627	89 375	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
GDP, real growth rates	4.2	4.2	4.7	5.5	2.4	-	-6.7	-6.3	-5.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Total volume of industrial production, growth rate as $\%$	3.2	4.6	4.1	4.9	1.2	-9.2	-10.9	-9.4	-9.0	-7.7	-13.7	-9.0	-8.3	-9.6	-8.6	-8.6	-5.8
Retail sales turnover, real growth rate as %	2.6	2.8	2.1	5.3	-0.5	-15.3	-16.9	-16.4	-13.6	-14.4	-15.2	-14.5	-13.4	-12.8	-15.4	-15.8	-12.1
Total volume of construction projects, growth rate as $\%$	2.0	-0.8	9.3	2.4	11.8	-	-0.3	-4.9	-7.6	-	-5.4	-6.3	-7.1	-9.4	-15.7	-9.8	-
Nights spent by tourists, growth rate as %	2.0	7.6	3.1	5.6	2.0	-1.4	-16.7	-3.3	0.0	-7.7	-0.6	-4.3	4.0	1.0	-5.9	-5.1	-17.8
Producer's prices, period average, %	3.5	3.0	2.7	3.4	8.3	-0.4	1.1	-0.5	-2.3	0.0	-1.0	-2.8	-1.8	-2.3	-1.4	0.2	1.6
Consumer prices, period average, %	2.1	3.3	3.2	2.9	6.1	2.4	3.8	2.8	1.2	1.6	2.1	1.2	1.5	1.0	1.3	1.8	1.9
Total persons in employment, end of period	1 397 416	1 417 158	1 467 398	1 515 647	1 543 878	1 457 207	1 512 445	1 524 360	1 501 000	1 457 207	1 524 360	1 525 867	1 517 783	1 501 000	1 485 435	1 472 217	1 457 207
Unemployed persons, end of period	317 577	307 851	293 153	254 484	240 455	291 545	267 244	247 147	259 193	291 545	247 147	248 586	251 005	259 193	273 265	282 936	291 545
Unemployment rate, end of period	18.5	17.8	16.7	14.4	13.5	16.7	15.0	14.0	14.7	16.7	14.0	14.0	14.2	14.7	15.5	16.1	16.7
Unemployment rate - ILO comparable, period average, $\%$	13.8	12.7	11.1	9.6	8.4	-	9.4	8.9	8.7	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Average monthly gross wages and salaries, growth rate as $\%$	6.4	4.4	6.2	6.2	7.1	-	4.6	3.4	1.4	-	4.4	1.8	1.8	0.6	0.3	-0.3	-
Average monthly gross wages and salaries paid off in HRK	5 985	6 248	6 634	7 047	7 544	-	7 708	7 752	7 638	-	7 808	7 718	7 627	7 569	7 643	7 808	-
Exchange rate HRK/USD, period average	6.03	5.95	5.84	5.36	4.94	5.28	5.68	5.41	5.12	4.92	5.21	5.20	5.14	5.03	4.89	4.89	4.98
Exchange rate HRK/EUR, period average	7.50	7.40	7.32	7.34	7.22	7.34	7.41	7.36	7.32	7.27	7.30	7.32	7.32	7.31	7.24	7.28	7.29
Trade Balance (mil. USD)	-8 565	-9 788	-11 126	-13 475	-16 603	-	-2 362	-2 839	-2 720	-	-1 060	-929	-802	-988	-1 016	-952	-
Exports (mil. USD)	8 024	8 773	10 377	12 364	14 124	10 474	2 462	2 537	2 626	2 849	810	924	729	973	957	971	921
Imports (mil. USD)	16 589	18 560	21 502	25 839	30 727	21 203	4 824	5 375	5 344	5 659	1 870	1 853	1 531	1 961	1 981	1 922	1 756
Current Account Balance (mil. EUR)	-1 434	-1 976	-2 715	-3 239	-4 385	-	-1 844	-871	1 774	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Current Account Balance (as % of GDP)	-4.4	-5.5	-6.9	-7.6	-9.3	-	-17.5	-7.6	14.5	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
International reserves of CNB, end of period (mil. EUR)	6 436	7 438	8 725	9 307	9 121	-	8 870	9 090	9 318	-	9 090	9 031	9 292	9 318	9 541	10 145	-
Total outstanding external debt, end of period (mil. EUR)	22 933	25 748	29 274	32 929	40 228	-	40 220	41 738	42 776	-	41 738	41 593	42 287	42 776	42 734	-	-
Internal debt of Consolidated Central Government, eop. (mil. HRK)	35 789	47 243	52 290	54 655	62 126	-	70 994	70 698	73 171	-	70 698	71 735	72 130	73 171	73 116	71 160	-
Commercial bank's loans, growth rate as $\%$	13.1	20.3	22.7	13.3	14.4	2.3	15.9	10.4	7.7	2.3	10.4	10.0	9.2	7.7	4.6	5.5	2.3
Interest rates on treasury bills of 91 days maturity, end of period, $\%$	3.80	3.70	3.00	3.60	6.00	4.70	7.60	7.60	-	4.70	7.60	-	-	-	7.50	6.25	4.70
ZIBOR (3 m), average, %	7.35	6.19	4.46	5.63	7.20	8.96	10.23	9.85	9.62	6.22	9.26	9.57	9.71	9.61	8.65	5.81	4.20

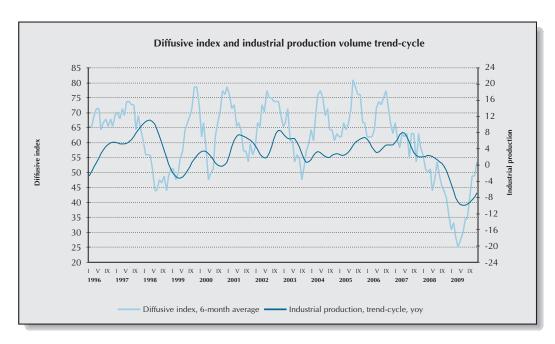
# MACROECONOMIC TRENDS

# CROLEI - THE LEADING INDICATOR OF INDUSTRIAL PRODUCTION

In November 2009 CROLEI index recorded a further decline of 3.4 percent at annual level. Although CROLEI index did not show positive growth rate for thirteen months, it can be seen that declining rate is decelerating for last four months. In November 2009 CROLEI index has grown slightly at monthly level and recorded an increase of 0.4 index points. If we compare year-on-year growth rates for October and November, it can be seen that growth rates recorded a deceleration of 1.7 percent. Consecutive negative year-on-year growth rates of CROLEI index do not give a reason to expect a positive year-on-year growth rate of the economic activity in the upcoming months.

The diffusive index, a supplementary measure representing the share of components that have contributed to the change in CROLEI in total number of components, in November recorded significant improvement of 71 percent. Although the average value of diffusive index amounted to 54 percent in the June - November period, still it is the highest value recorded since June 2008. Diffusive index, unlike CROLEI index, suggests increasing activities in a large number of economic sectors. However, there is no indication that year-on-year growth rate of economic activity in first half on 2010 will be positive.







## REAL SECTOR

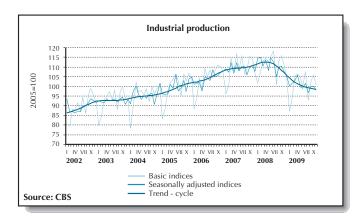
Industrial production recorded the annual decrease of 8.6 percent in November 2009, where November 2009 had one working day more than November 2008, when the industrial production increased by 3.2 percent year-on-year. The trendindex of the total industrial production was 0.4 percent lower in November compared to October 2009. In the first eleven months of 2009 industrial production decreased by 9.5 percent at annual level.

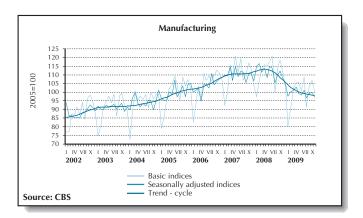
When observed by main industrial groupings, the highest annual reduce of industrial production in the first eleven months of 2009 was recorded by the production of consumer durables (-19.8 percent). The production of capital goods decreased by 15.7 percent, production of intermediate goods by 11.5 percent and the production of consumer non-durables by 10.3 percent. Growth at annual level recorded only the production of energy, amounting to 2.2 percent.

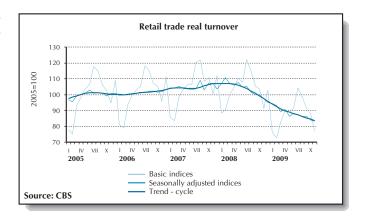
Observed by activities, mining and quarrying decreased by 10.7 percent in the first eleven months of 2009, while the electricity, gas, steam and air conditioning supply recorded the annual growth of 2.6 percent. Manufacturing, the activity which has the highest share in total industrial production (84.31 percent), decreased by 11.0 percent at annual level in the first eleven months of 2009. The highest contribution to the manufacturing decrease came from the manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment, which decreased by 25.6 percent, followed by the manufacture of basic pharmaceutical products and pharmaceutical preparations (-43.0 percent), manufacture of machinery and equipment (-27.3 percent) and manufacture of food products (-5.5 percent).

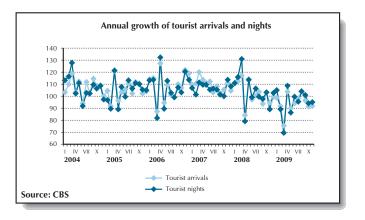
Retail trade turnover recorded the nominal annual decrease of 14.9 percent in November 2009, while the real turnover went down by 15.8 percent. Concerning the developments of indicators potentially influencing retail trade, the number of employed persons reduced by 83.4 thousands at annual level in November, loans to households (excluding housing loans) went down by 4.3 percent and the number of tourist nights decreased by 5.1 percent. In the first eleven months of 2009 the retail trade turnover recorded the nominal annual decrease of 14.4 percent and a real decrease of 15.6 percent. Observed by branches, the most significant contribution to the nominal retail trade turnover annual decline in the first eleven months came from automotive fuels (decrease of 17.7 percent) and motor vehicles (-58.4 percent).

Total number of tourist arrivals decreased by 8.4 percent at annual level in November 2009, while the total number of tourist nights went down by 5.1 percent. Domestic tourists' arrivals fell by 16.2 percent and foreign tourists' arrivals increased by 0.2 percent in November. In the same period, the number of domestic tourists' nights decreased by 11.0 percent and the number of foreign tourists' nights increased by 0.6 percent, compared to November 2008. In the first eleven months of 2009 the total number of tourist arrivals amounted to 10,786 thousands and was 2.7 percent lower at annual level, while the total number of tourist nights amounted to 55,971 thousands, decreasing by 4.5 percent. The foreign tourists' arrivals went down by 0.8 percent in the first eleven months of 2009 and the domestic tourists' arrivals by 13.2 percent, while the number of foreign tourists' nights decreased by 0.2 percent and the number of domestic tourists' nights by 10.4 percent in the same period.









November

## MONETARY TRENDS

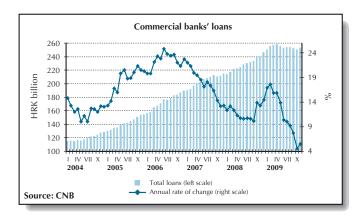
Money (M1) increased by HRK 1.1 billion in November 2009 in comparison with October, amounting to HRK 45.7 billion at the end of the month. The increase in money was the result of growth in demand deposits by HRK 1.5 billion, while the currency outside banks decreased by HRK 438.6 million. The money continued to decline at annual level, reducing by 10.4 percent in November.

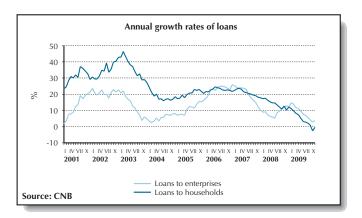
Total loans of commercial banks amounted to HRK 253.0 billion at the end of November 2009, increasing by HRK 1.9 billion compared to October. The annual growth of total loans stood at 5.5 percent in November, which is 0.8 percentage points more compared to growth recorded in October. Kuna loans went down by HRK 235.5 million and the foreign currency loans went up by HRK 2.2 billion in November. Loans to households increased by HRK 1.1 billion in November compared to October, while the loans to enterprises rose by HRK 2.3 billion. The annual growth of loans to households amounted to 0.3 percent in November, while the annual growth of loans to enterprises stood at 3.9 percent. Housing loans made 42.9 percent of total loans to households in November, while their annual growth amounted to 5.5 percent. Loans to the central government increased by 54.9 percent in November compared to the same month of the previous year.

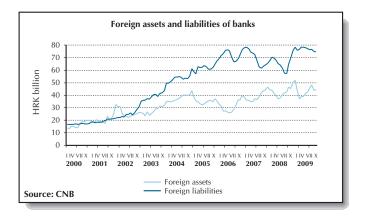
Total deposits with commercial banks stood at level of HRK 207.0 billion at the end of November, increasing by HRK 3.2 billion in comparison with October. At annual level, total deposits recorded a growth of 4.2 percent. Foreign currency deposits increased by HRK 3.6 billion and kuna deposits went down by HRK 2.0 billion in November. The highest contribution to the decrease in kuna deposits came from the deposits of enterprises, which decreased by HRK 1.7 billion, while the increase in foreign currency deposits was primarily the consequence of the growth of deposits of households (by HRK 1.9 billion). The annual growth of the foreign currency deposits amounted to 19.7 percent in November, while kuna deposits went down by 20.7 percent.

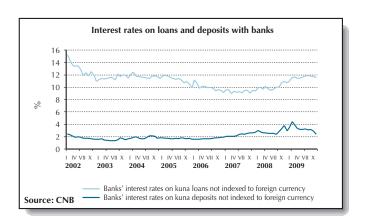
Foreign assets of commercial banks amounted to HRK 44.3 billion at the end of November, increasing by HRK 474.0 million at monthly level. Observing the annual change, foreign assets recorded a decrease of HRK 1.1 billion or 2.4 percent in November. The foreign liabilities of commercial banks stood at level of HRK 74.6 billion at the end of November, decreasing by HRK 257.3 million compared to October. At annual level foreign liabilities recorded a rise of HRK 5.0 billion or 7.1 percent. Net foreign assets leveled HRK -30.3 billion at the end of November.

The average bank interest rates on kuna credits not indexed to foreign currency decreased from 11.70 percent in October to 11.60 percent in November 2009. At the same time, the average bank interest rates on kuna deposits not indexed to foreign currency went down from 2.95 percent to 2.36 percent. Thereby, the difference between the active and the passive interest rates not indexed to foreign currency amounted to 9.24 percentage points in November.











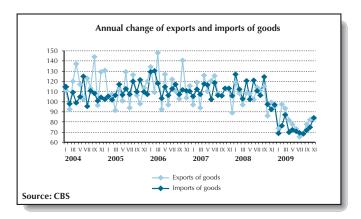
## INTERNATIONAL SECTOR

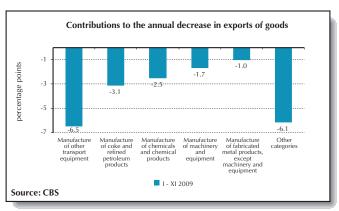
Total merchandise exports expressed in HRK decreased by 17.1 percent, while merchandise imports went down by 16.1 percent at annual level in November 2009. In the first eleven months of 2009 the annual decrease in exports of goods amounted to 21.0 percent and the decrease in imports was 26.3 percent. If the category of other transport equipment is excluded from the foreign trade, exports went down by 16.9 percent and imports by 24.2 percent in the first eleven months. The coverage of merchandise imports by merchandise exports was at the level of 49.1 percent in the first eleven months of 2009, increasing by 3.2 percentage points compared to the same period of 2008.

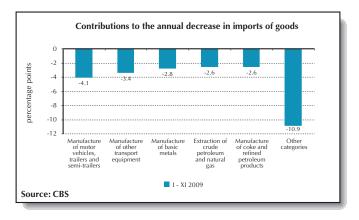
The highest contribution to the decrease in merchandise exports in the first eleven months came from the manufacture of other transport equipment, whose exports recorded the annual decline of 46.5 percent, manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products (-31.2 percent), manufacture of chemicals and chemical products (-34.8 percent), manufacture of machinery and equipment (-24.6 percent), manufacture of fabricated metal products, except machinery and equipment (-19.5 percent) and waste collection, treatment and disposal activities (-40.2 percent). Categories which contributed the most to the decline of merchandise imports in the same period were the manufacture of motor vehicles, trailers and semi-trailers (annual decrease of imports of 48.1 percent), manufacture of other transport equipment (-62.3 percent), manufacture of basic metals (-39-5 percent) extraction of crude petroleum and natural gas (-24.9 percent), and the manufacture of coke and refined petroleum products (-52.5 percent).

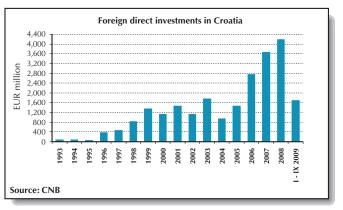
Observing the structure of Croatian merchandise exports by countries, the largest share in the first seven months of 2009 had exports to Italy (19.4 percent of total exports), followed by exports to Bosnia and Herzegovina (13.0 percent), Germany (11.1 percent), Slovenia (7.4 percent) and Austria (5.4 percent). Exports to mentioned countries recorded a decrease when compared to the first eleven months of 2008, so the exports to Bosnia and Herzegovina went down by 34.0 percent, to Austria by 26.7 percent, Slovenia 24.7 percent, Germany 17.9 percent and exports to Italy decreased by 19.5 percent. Observing the foreign trade expressed in USD, exports recorded an annual decrease of 27.5 percent, while imports decreased by 32.4 percent in the first eleven months of 2009.

Total foreign direct investments in Croatia stood at level of EUR 23.6 billion at the end of September 2009. In the first three guarters of 2009 FDI inflow in Croatia was EUR 1.7 billion, which is 28.2 percent lower than the amount recorded in the same period of 2008. Out of total amount of FDI inflow in the first half of the year, the biggest part (net EUR 991.8 million) made other investments, equity investments amounted to EUR 559.7 million, while the reinvested earnings were EUR 147.7 million. Observing the structure of FDI in Croatia by activities, the highest amount in the first three quarters of 2009 was invested in wholesale trade and commission trade (EUR 707.5 million), financial intermediation (EUR 677.5 million) and retail trade, except of motor vehicles (EUR 109.1 million). The majority of the investments in the first three quarters of the year came from Netherlands (EUR 839.1 million) and Austria (EUR 501.9 million). In the period from 1993 till the end of September 2009 the leading countries by the amount of FDI in Croatia were Austria, which invested 26.6 percent of total FDI in Croatia, Netherlands (17.5 percent), Germany (11.5 percent), Hungary (9.0 percent) and France (5.7 percent of total FDI).









November

# CONSOLIDATED CENTRAL GOVERNMENT IN THE IANUARY - NOVEMBER 2009 PERIOD

## **REVENUES**

The total revenues of the Consolidated Central Government in the January - November 2009 period amounted to HRK 103.1 billion.

Observing the Consolidated Central Government according to government level, it can be seen that 96.6 percent of total revenues refer to the Budgetary Central Government and the remaining 3.4 percent to Extrabudgetary Users. Among Extrabudgetary Users, the highest level of revenues was recorded by the Croatian Waters (HRK 1.8 billion) and the Environment Protection Fund (HRK 1.0 billion).

Within the structure of total revenues the most important category, with the share of 55.4 percent relates to tax revenues, among which the largest amount is generated through value added tax. In the first eleven months they were realized in the amount of HRK 34.0 billion. It can be seen that developments in tax revenues were influenced by effects of legal changes in the VAT from July 2009, whereby the general VAT rate was increased from 22.0 percent to 23.0 percent.

Revenues from excises in the January - November 2009 period amounted to HRK 9.1 billion, whereby the largest part is generated through excises on oil derivates (50.6 percent). Those revenues were realized in the amount of HRK 4.6 billion. With the realization of HRK 2.7 billion, revenues from excises on tobacco products have the second largest share in total revenues from excises (30.3 percent) while excise duties on passenger cars, other motor vehicles, vessels and aircraft have the third largest share with the amount of HRK 645.8 million.

Income tax revenues were realized in the amount of HRK 1.2 billion, while revenues from profit tax amounted to HRK 8.7 billion. Within the structure of tax revenues, revenues from taxes on property should also be mentioned. Those revenues were realized at the level of HRK 487.6 million. Furthermore, revenues from taxes on international trade and transactions amounted to HRK 1.6 billion.

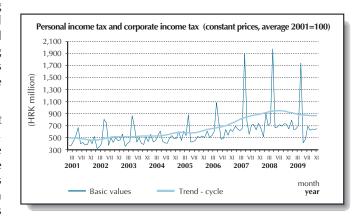
Revenues from other taxes, which include the special tax on salaries, pensions and other receivables, were realized in the amount of HRK 1.1 billion. Out of that amount total of HRK 830.4 million was collected through the above mentioned special tax during the August - November period.

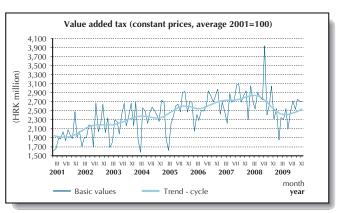
Social contributions are the second most important revenue category with the share of 35.4 percent in total generated revenues. They amounted to HRK 36.5 billion, whereat the largest part refers to employer contributions in the amount of HRK 19.5 billion and employee contributions in the amount of HRK 16.4 billion. The remaining part of HRK 620.6 million refers to contributions of self-employed and unemployed persons.

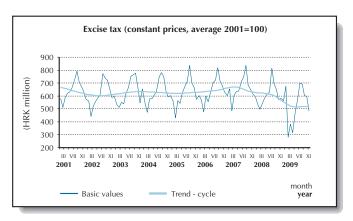
Grants were realized in the amount of HRK 518.8 million. The largest part of this amount (92.4 percent) refers to grants from international organizations, while the remainder refers to grants from other general government units and grants from foreign governments.

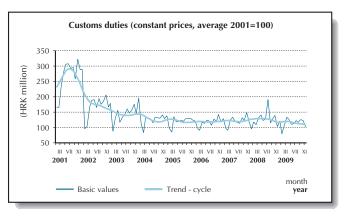
Other revenues amounted to HRK 8.9 billion, in largest part due to sales of goods and services (47.3 percent of total other revenues), property income (32.6 percent) and miscellaneous and unidentified revenues (14.2 percent), while the rest of

the collected sum refers to fines, penalties and forfeits and voluntary transfers other than grants. Sales of goods and services amounted to HRK 4.2 billion, out of which 84.7 percent refer to administrative fees which include fee on











services in mobile electronic communication networks, which is paid by the operator in the amount of 6.0 percent of the revenue realised through providing those services. The Act which regulates payment of this fee was adopted in July 2009 within the amendments to the state budget for 2009. According to government level, 75.5 percent of total revenues from administrative fees refer to Extrabudgetary Users and 24.5 percent to the Budgetary Central Government. Property income amounted to HRK 2.9 billion, out of which 62.5 percent refer to withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations. Miscellaneous and unidentified revenues were realized in amount of HRK 1.3 billion, fines, penalties and forfeits reached the amount of HRK 470.0 million, while voluntary transfers other than grants amounted of HRK 55.2 million.

## **EXPENSE**

Total expense of the Consolidated Central Government in the January - November 2009 period amounted to HRK 109.5 billion. Observing the Consolidated Central Government according to government level, HRK 105.3 billion refer to the Budgetary Central Government and HRK 4.1 billion to Extrabudgetary Users.

The largest share of total expense (46.5 percent) refers to social benefits, followed by compensation of employees (26.4 percent), use of goods and services (8.3 percent), subsidies (5.8 percent), other expense (5.0 percent), interest (4.4 percent) and grants (3.6 percent).

Social benefits amounted to HRK 50.9 billion. Observing the structure of social benefits, 72.2 percent refer to social security benefits, 27.3 percent to social assistance benefits, while the remaining 0.5 percent refers to employer social benefits. Social benefits are mostly related to expenses for pensions, expenses for the healthcare system, social welfare, maternity leave allowances, child allowance and expenses for unemployment. Expenses for pensions amounted to HRK 31.5 billion. Out of this amount, HRK 13.9 billion refer to expenses for old age pensions, HRK 4.8 billion to pensions for disabled persons, HRK 4.6 billion to veterans' pensions and HRK 3.6 billion to family pensions. Expenses for the healthcare system amounted to HRK 11.3 billion, social welfare to HRK 2.0 billion, maternity leave allowances to HRK 1.9 billion, child allowance to HRK 1.6 billion and unemployment benefits to HRK 1.1 billion.

Compensation of employees amounted to HRK 28.8 billion, out of which wages and salaries amounted to HRK 24.4 billion and social contributions to HRK 4.4 billion.

Expense for use of goods and services, which amounted to HRK 9.1 billion, mostly refers to different types of services like telephone service, post and transportation services etc.

Expense for subsidies amounted to HRK 6.4 billion, out of which 54.1 percent refer to subsidies to private enterprises (in the amount of HRK 3.4 billion) and the remaining 45.9 percent refer to subsidies to public corporations (in the amount of HRK 2.9 billion). The largest part refers to subsidies to agriculture (in the amount of HRK 3.4 billion) and to Croatian Railways (in the amount of HRK 1.5 billion).

Expense for interest payments were realized in the amount of HRK 4.8 billion. Out of that amount, 71.0 percent (HRK 3.4 billion) refer to interests to residents and 29.0 percent (HRK 1.4 billion) to interests to non-residents.

Grants were realized in the amount of HRK 3.9 billion. The largest part in amount of HRK 3.7 billion or 94.7 percent refer to grants to other general government units. Grants to international organizations amounted to 3.4 percent of total grants and grants to foreign governments to 1.9 percent of total grants.

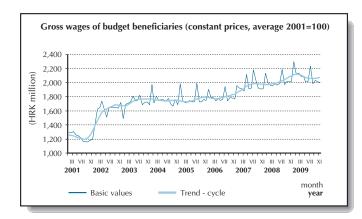
Other expenses were realized in the amount of HRK 5.5 billion. Among other expenses, capital expenses amounted to HRK 3.2 billion, current expenses to HRK 2.3 billion and the remaining HRK 7.7 million refer to property expense other than interest.

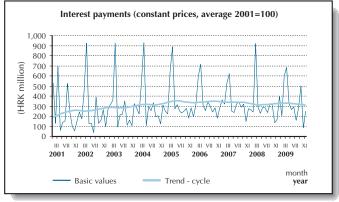
#### TRANSACTION IN NON-FINANCIAL ASSETS

In the January - November 2009 period net acquisition of non-financial assets of the Consolidated Central Government amounted to HRK 2.6 billion with the acquisition of non-financial assets (HRK 2.9 billion) surpassing the disposal of non-financial assets (HRK 293.6 million). The acquisition of non-financial assets refers mostly (86.5 percent) to acquisition of fixed assets, mainly buildings and structures and machinery and equipment. According to government level, 65.5 percent of total acquisitions refer to the Budgetary Central Government and the remaining 34.5 percent to Extrabudgetary Users. On the other hand, the disposal of non-financial assets refers mostly to disposals of buildings and structures within fixed assets, also mostly at the level of the Budgetary Central Government (92.7 percent).

# TRANSACTIONS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS

Net acquisition of financial assets of the Consolidated Central Government amounted to HRK 7.5 billion mainly as a result





of domestic financial assets. Currency and deposits amounted to HRK 5.6 billion, out of which HRK 5.1 billion relates to the Budgetary Central Government and HRK 511.1 million to Extrabudgetary Users.

Net loans amounted to HRK 1.8 billion as a result of greater acquisition (HRK 2.1 billion) than disposal (HRK 289.0 million). Observed by government level, HRK 1.6 billion refer to the Budgetary Central Government and HRK 226.3 million to Extrabudgetary Users. Furthermore, net domestic shares and other equity amounted to HRK 64.1 million as a result of acquisitions of HRK 272.3 million and disposal of HRK 208.2 million. Acquisitions mainly refer to the Budgetary Central Government (in amount of HRK 272.1 million) while disposals to Extrabudgetary Users (in the amount of HRK 200.0 million).

Foreign financial assets amounted to HRK 870.4 thousand as a result of acquisition of shares and other equity and loans at the Budgetary Central Government level.

## TRANSACTIONS IN LIABILITIES

Total net incurrence of liabilities of the Consolidated Central Government amounted to HRK 16.5 billion. Within net liabilities, net domestic liabilities amounted to HRK 8.9 billion as a result of transactions in net incurrence of liabilities on the basis of securities other than shares and in net incurrence of liabilities on the basis of loans. Domestic incurrence of liabilities on the basis of securities other than shares amounted to HRK 3.4 billion and refers to the Budgetary

Central Government. Repayments on the same basis, also at the level of the Budgetary Central Government, amounted to HRK 273.9 million. Net domestic incurrence of liabilities on the basis of loans amounted to HRK 5.8 billion as a result of repayment in the amount of HRK 2.6 billion and incurrence of liabilities in the amount of HRK 8.3 billion. The largest part of transactions in domestic liabilities on the basis of loans was carried out at the Budgetary Central Government level (HRK 5.2 billion).

On the other hand, net foreign liabilities amounted to HRK 7.6 billion also as the result of transactions in net incurrence of liabilities on the basis of securities other than shares, on the level of the Budgetary Central Government, and in net incurrence of liabilities on the basis of loans. Foreign repayments of securities other than shares amounted to HRK 5.1 billion while incurrence of liabilities on the same basis amounted to HRK 12.9 billion. Repayments of loans amounted to HRK 1.7 billion and incurrence of liabilities on the basis of loans to HRK 1.5 billion.

# **NET LENDING/BORROWING**

Net operating balance of the Consolidated Central Government, defined as the difference between the total revenue and the total expense, in the January - November 2009 period was realized in the amount of HRK -6.4 billion. By subtracting net acquisition of non-financial assets from net operating balance, a category of net lending/borrowing is obtained in the amount of HRK -9.0 billion.



# **TABLE 2: BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT REVENUE**

	(000 HRK)	2006	2007	2008	X - XII 2008	Plan 2009	I - III 2009	IV - VI 2009	VII - IX 2009	I - XI 2009	XI 2009	I - XI 200 Plan 2009
1	<b>REVENUE</b> (11+12+13+14)	95 235 557	108 320 595	115 772 655	28 425 062	110 871 511	26 020 898	26 598 410	28 376 211	99 612 227	9 186 726	89.84
11	Taxes (111+113+114+115+116)	58 469 091	64 234 530	69 572 699	16 288 071	63 202 863	13 547 073	15 389 517	16 979 849	57 142 648	5 509 387	90.41
111	Taxes of income and profits and capital gains (1111+1112)	8 515 615	10 589 083	12 252 205	2 673 702	11 105 988	2 502 224	3 330 303	2 468 658	9 920 259	818 992	89.32
1111	Payable by individuals	3 459 649	1 772 708	1 687 502	520 677	1 555 815	540 065	21 621	352 595	1 214 568	156 302	78.07
1112	Payable by corporations and other enterprises	5 055 966	8 816 375	10 564 703	2 153 025	9 550 173	1 962 159	3 308 682	2 116 064	8 705 692	662 690	91.16
113	Taxes on property	482 331	578 621	635 930	192 942	596 426	125 995	151 752	122 905	487 624	46 066	81.76
114	Taxes on goods and services (1141++1146)	47 546 223	51 099 930	54 482 172	12 892 827	48 791 226	10 447 707	11 388 782	13 453 615	44 053 471	4 274 709	90.29
1141	General taxes on goods and services (11411+11412)	35 091 381	37 916 509	41 474 566	9 807 812	36 961 031	8 152 064	9 022 873	10 073 877	34 066 258	3 412 403	92.17
11411	Value-added taxes	34 931 750	37 747 987	41 308 036	9 768 575	36 818 812	8 121 721	8 990 869	10 043 332	33 952 156	3 402 191	92.21
11412	Sales taxes	159 631	168 522	166 531	39 237	142 219	30 342	32 004	30 545	114 103	10 212	80.23
1142	Excises (11421+11422+11423+11424+11425+11426+11427+11428)	11 564 709	12 168 666	11 875 126	2 749 710	10 664 564	2 053 881	2 093 488	3 140 246	9 070 710	784 056	85.05
11421	- on cars, other motor vehicles, boats and planes	1 270 422	1 433 427	1 452 827	314 824	964 181	199 950	192 390	155 344	645 754	48 543	66.97
11422	- on petroleum products	6 316 440	6 484 816	6 065 140	1 302 677	5 798 872	1 048 129	1 034 135	1 555 331	4 592 432	385 066	79.20
11423	- on alcohol	230 178	231 342	218 786	44 793	157 568	32 400	25 557	72 748	160 351	18 723	101.77
11424	- on beer	716 167	743 000	717 401	152 474	687 789	102 691	165 170	261 395	635 537	42 903	92.40
11425	- on nonalcoholic beverages	140 404	142 462	139 160	33 648	131 365	20 059	33 266	44 114	117 230	8 209	89.24
11426	- on tobacco products	2 710 348	2 943 649	3 084 293	853 424	2 737 342	604 161	597 392	1 004 747	2 749 823	265 911	100.46
11427	- on coffee	156 666	161 936	166 979	40 573	155 686	35 906	39 670	39 855	142 296	12 474	91.40
11428	- on luxury goods	24 084	28 033	30 540	7 296	31 761	10 585	5 908	6 713	27 288	2 226	85.92
115	Taxes on international trade and transactions	1 588 456	1 641 478	1 900 865	451 674	1 784 632	401 159	443 664	457 696	1 585 510	128 733	88.84
116	Other taxes	336 466	325 418	301 527	76 927	924 590	69 988	75 017	476 974	1 095 783	240 886	118.52
12	Social contributions	33 877 148	37 203 486	40 703 484	10 575 845	40 771 078	9 913 476	9 989 663	10 109 025	36 526 081	3 230 249	89.59
121	Social security contributions (1211+1212+1213+1214)	33 877 148	37 203 486	40 703 484	10 575 845	40 771 078	9 913 476	9 989 663	10 109 025	36 526 081	3 230 249	89.59
1211	Employee contributions	15 084 349	16 531 305	18 100 364	4 671 514	17 988 507	4 442 279	4 469 130	4 565 854	16 385 163	1 440 638	91.09
1212	Employer contributions	18 051 382	19 845 488	21 758 077	5 661 615	21 926 473	5 308 773	5 347 471	5 370 934	19 520 295	1 731 352	89.03
1213	Self-employed or unemployed contributions	741 418	826 692	845 043	242 716	856 097	162 425	173 062	172 237	620 623	58 260	72.49
1214	Unallocable contributions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
13	Grants	195 984	428 038	468 634	127 965	983 810	187 519	137 449	103 202	485 943	35 418	49.39
14	Other revenue (141+142+143+144+145)	2 693 335	6 454 541	5 027 838	1 433 181	5 913 761	2 372 830	1 081 781	1 184 136	5 457 556	411 672	92.29
141	<b>Property income</b> (1411+1412+1413+1415)	832 400	3 526 540	1 612 229	419 770	2 345 964	1 630 688	268 132	247 890	2 302 761	94 346	98.16
1411	Interest	108 232	164 558	147 911	36 876	171 310	76 110	13 223	18 493	117 369	4 252	68.51
1412	Dividends	17 835	1 194 582	212 387	17 623	89 899	38 222	51 678	12 607	107 341	4 708	119.40
1413	Withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations	288 113	117 730	504 074	9 042	1 343 052	1 342 522	10	0	1 342 502	48	99.96
1415	Rent	418 220	2 049 670	747 856	356 230	741 702	173 834	203 221	216 790	735 549	85 338	99.17
142	Sales of goods and services (1422+1423)	1 209 296	1 526 646	1 450 683	296 539	1 646 337	231 949	292 980	326 514	1 504 333	216 012	91.37
1421	Sales of market establishments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	337
1422	Administrative fees	821 741	1 318 050	1 274 882	250 954	1 475 121	176 969	233 974	268 305	874 005	95 555	59.25
	Incidental sales by nonmarket establishments	387 555	208 596	175 800	45 584	171 217	54 980	59 006	58 209	630 328	120 458	368.15
1423		307 333	200 370	17.3.000	73 304							
	•	391 616	429 034	490 600	141 816	499 375	113 477	174 711	146 747	469 993	41 067	94 13
1423 <b>143</b> <b>144</b>	Fines, penalties, and forfeits Voluntary transfers other than grants	391 616 6 737	429 034 11 241	490 600 9 384	141 816 3 424	499 325 11 744	113 477 455	124 211 4 143	146 747 5 015	469 993 15 230	41 067 1 718	94.13 129.68

**TABLE 3: BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT EXPENSE** 

	(000 HRK)	2006	2007	2008	X - XII 2008	Plan 2009	I - III 2009	IV - VI 2009	VII - IX 2009	I - XI 2009	XI 2009	I - XI 200 Plan 200
2	<b>EXPENSE</b> (21+22+24+25+26+27+28)	95 949 951	108 007 605	115 292 426	32 424 514	118 041 064	28 841 237	29 486 337	29 442 847	106 481 458	9 674 380	90.21
21	Compensation of employees (211+212)	24 313 867	27 545 141	29 948 535	7 820 846	30 976 553	7 941 928	7 738 581	7 863 364	28 587 321	2 517 963	92.29
211	Wages and salaries	20 663 890	23 237 088	25 453 436	6 694 997	26 306 006	6 716 732	6 547 078	6 691 910	24 236 349	2 133 191	92.13
212	Social contributions	3 649 977	4 308 053	4 495 099	1 125 848	4 670 548	1 225 195	1 191 502	1 171 454	4 350 971	384 773	93.16
22	Use of goods and services	6 069 116	7 162 402	8 113 694	2 998 288	7 962 914	1 856 917	1 898 703	1 768 065	6 561 058	553 762	82.40
24	Interest (241+242+243)	4 713 615	4 535 008	4 683 219	861 883	4 727 151	1 866 958	1 120 606	1 181 558	4 587 815	314 169	97.05
241	To nonresidents	1 863 999	1 672 563	1 542 146	157 480	1 549 553	900 867	398 504	3 223	1 346 377	15 503	86.89
242	To residents other than general government	2 849 616	2 862 444	3 141 074	704 403	3 177 599	966 092	722 102	1 178 335	3 241 438	298 667	102.0
25	<b>Subsidies</b> (251+252)	5 670 789	6 492 010	6 859 512	1 755 731	6 985 483	1 542 906	2 112 830	1 574 042	6 281 700	735 631	89.9
251	To public corporations	2 692 785	3 007 099	3 199 114	853 472	3 079 503	726 888	980 757	698 679	2 898 305	285 091	94.1
252	To private enterprises	2 978 004	3 484 912	3 660 398	902 259	3 905 981	816 018	1 132 073	875 363	3 383 394	450 540	86.6
26	<b>Grants</b> (261+262+263)	6 652 994	8 363 202	5 783 063	2 127 282	5 402 248	1 002 181	1 377 428	1 573 769	4 847 518	438 579	89.7
261	To foreign governments (2611+2612)	64 795	103 410	89 446	57 649	79 750	12 584	25 235	20 228	75 257	16 250	94.3
2611	Current	37 760	75 261	60 246	37 670	68 750	10 981	19 903	18 086	66 180	16 250	96.2
2612	Capital	27 035	28 149	29 200	19 980	11 000	1 603	5 332	2 143	9 077	0	82.5
262	To international organizations (2621+2622)	89 619	73 941	96 503	13 607	75 800	51 940	23 943	36 859	132 571	17 268	174.9
2621	Current	89 619	73 941	96 503	13 607	74 726	51 940	23 943	35 889	131 601	17 268	176.1
2622	Capital	0	0	0	0	1 074	0	0	970	970	0	90.2
263	To other general government units (2631+2632)	6 498 581	8 185 852	5 597 115	2 056 027	5 246 698	937 658	1 328 250	1 516 683	4 639 690	405 062	88.4
2631	Current	2 663 156	2 305 125	2 291 490	781 399	2 788 486	559 677	799 494	713 492	2 517 775	218 936	90.2
2632	Capital	3 835 425	5 880 726	3 305 625	1 274 627	2 458 212	377 981	528 756	803 191	2 121 915	186 125	86.3
27	<b>Social benefits</b> (271+272+273)	43 444 589	48 175 989	52 593 214	14 541 884	55 911 564	13 520 210	13 872 713	14 044 230	50 878 594	4 728 153	91.0
271	Social security benefits	30 535 396	34 167 894	37 600 722	10 466 861	40 491 690	9 788 764	10 013 456	10 087 788	36 720 739	3 407 040	90.6
272	Social assistance benefits	12 786 632	13 815 777	14 745 264	3 960 213	15 218 355	3 671 649	3 801 973	3 830 656	13 877 193	1 295 071	91.1
273	Employer social benefits	122 561	192 318	247 228	114 810	201 518	59 796	57 284	125 786	280 662	26 042	139.2
28	Other expense (281+282)	5 084 980	5 733 853	7 311 189	2 318 601	6 075 150	1 110 137	1 365 478	1 437 819	4 737 453	386 123	77.9
281	Property expense other than interest	7 600	1 132	16 015	9 694	0	3 005	1 102	3 562	7 711	0	
282	Miscellaneous other expense (2821+2822)	5 077 381	5 732 721	7 295 174	2 308 908	6 075 150	1 107 132	1 364 375	1 434 257	4 729 742	386 123	77.8
2821	Current	2 304 214	2 837 557	2 626 644	707 061	2 401 026	622 489	593 326	470 577	2 006 737	188 952	83.5
2822	Capital	2 773 167	2 895 164	4 668 530	1 601 847	3 674 124	484 643	771 049	963 680	2 723 005	197 171	74.1

# TABLE 4: TRANSACTIONS IN NONFINANCIAL ASSETS OF BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

(000 HRK)	2006	2007	2008	X - XII 2008	Plan 2009	I - III 2009	IV - VI 2009	VII - IX 2009	I - XI 2009	XI 2009	I - XI 2009 Plan 2009
31 NET ACQUISITION OF NONFINANCIAL ASSETS (311+312+313+314)	1 555 792	2 545 220	2 988 129	1 436 859	2 157 519	403 675	371 131	552 211	1 633 599	157 581	75.72
<b>31,1</b> Acquisition of nonfinancial assets (311,1+312,1+313,1+314,1)	1 908 482	3 043 906	3 291 549	1 533 666	2 496 068	475 073	442 817	635 010	1 905 699	177 999	76.35
<b>31,2 Disposal of nonfinancial assets</b> (311,2+312,2+313,2+314,2)	352 690	498 685	303 419	96 808	338 549	71 398	71 686	82 799	272 100	20 419	80.37
<b>311</b> Fixed assets (3111+3112+3113)	1 595 121	2 625 692	2 719 479	1 286 999	2 035 962	376 382	346 821	488 137	1 516 582	156 242	74.49
311,1 Acquisitions: fixed assets (3111,1+3112,1+3113,1)	1 844 783	2 906 863	2 973 830	1 352 389	2 320 872	441 320	406 579	551 795	1 746 063	174 116	75.23
311,2 Disposals: fixed assets (3111,2+3112,2+3113,2)	249 663	281 171	254 352	65 390	284 910	64 938	59 758	63 658	229 481	17 875	80.55
<b>3111</b> Buildings and structures (3111,1-3111,2)	831 377	1 154 132	1 109 578	585 982	882 431	114 607	180 284	213 506	692 645	86 240	78.49
3111,1 Acquisitions: buildings and structures	1 080 074	1 423 340	1 357 524	650 166	1 158 605	177 952	239 083	275 614	916 194	104 116	79.08
3111,2 Disposals: buildings and structures	248 698	269 208	247 947	64 184	276 173	63 345	58 798	62 108	223 548	17 877	80.94
<b>3112</b> Machinery and equipment (3112,1-3112,2)	656 733	1 338 275	1 505 694	629 171	1 049 170	252 945	153 938	250 649	754 135	61 504	71.88
Acquisitions: machinery and equipment	657 696	1 350 238	1 512 098	630 378	1 057 906	254 538	154 898	252 199	760 068	61 502	71.85
Disposals: machinery and equipment	964	11 963	6 404	1 207	8 737	1 593	960	1 550	5 933	-2	67.91
Other fixed assets (3113,1-3113,2)	107 011	133 285	104 208	71 845	104 360	8 829	12 599	23 982	69 802	8 498	66.89
Acquisitions: other fixed assets	107 012	133 285	104 209	71 845	104 360	8 829	12 599	23 982	69 802	8 498	66.89
3113,2 Disposals: other fixed assets	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
312 Inventories	-80 226	-161 383	79 444	66 771	-694	1 347	3 463	30 696	35 506	0	
312,1 Acquisitions: inventories	1 048	36 574	86 829	70 279	2 000	1 417	10 475	31 252	43 144	0	
312,2 Disposals: inventories	81 274	197 957	7 385	3 507	2 694	70	7 012	555	7 638	0	283.53
<b>313</b> Valuables (313,1-313,2)	7 826	9 620	10 126	4 287	4 538	1 408	4 372	1 244	8 929	1 015	196.77
313,1 Acquisitions: valuables	7 826	9 620	10 126	4 287	4 538	1 408	4 372	1 244	8 929	1 015	196.77
313,2 Disposals: valuables	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Nonproduced assets (314,1-314,2-314,3-314,4)	33 072	71 291	179 081	78 802	117 713	24 539	16 475	32 134	72 582	324	61.66
314,1 Acquisitions: nonproduced assets (3141,1+3142,1+3143,1+3144,1)	54 826	90 848	220 764	106 712	168 658	30 929	21 391	50 720	107 563	2 868	63.78
314,2 Disposals: nonproduced assets (3141,2+3142,2+3143,2+3144,2)	21 754	19 557	41 683	27 910	50 945	6 390	4 916	18 586	34 981	2 544	68.66
<b>3141</b> Land (3141,1-3141,2)	-21 650	-19 492	-41 626	-27 854	-10 342	-6 297	-4 884	-18 535	-34 763	-2 544	
3141,1 Acquisitions: land	81	58	56	56	40 510	0	33	51	125	0	0.31
3141,2 Disposals: land	21 732	19 549	41 683	27 910	50 852	6 297	4 916	18 586	34 888	2 544	68.61
3142 Subsoil assets	-22	0	0	0	-93	-93	0	0	-93	0	
3142,1 Acquisitions: subsoil assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3142,2 Disposals: subsoil assets	22	0	0	0	93	93	0	0	93	0	100.00
3143 Other naturally occurring assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3144 Intangible nonproduced assets (3144,1-3144,2)	54 744	90 782	220 707	106 655	128 148	30 929	21 359	50 670	107 438	2 868	83.84
3144,1 Acquisitions: intangible nonproduced assets	54 744	90 790	220 707	106 655	128 148	30 929	21 359	50 670	107 438	2 868	83.84
3144,2 Disposals: intangible nonproduced assets	0	8	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

TABLE 5: TRANSACTIONS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS OF BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

	(000 HRK)	2006	2007	2008	X - XII 2008	Plan 2009	I - III 2009	IV - VI 2009	VII - IX 2009	I - XI 2009	XI 2009
32	NET ACQUISITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (321+322+323)	-3 047 174	-3 734 781	1 702 947	-216 821	908 197	983 896	1 233 312	77 290	6 938 888	4 197 372
32,1	Acquisition of financial assets (321,1+322,1)	1 285 738	1 081 740	1 417 274	858 277	1 321 681	565 465	250 606	821 653	2 015 873	264 845
32,2	Disposals of financial assets (321,2+322,2)	2 883 242	3 094 930	1 154 915	80 037	413 484	50 939	29 660	31 332	138 386	13 722
	Currency and deposits (3212+3222)	-1 449 670	-1 721 591	1 440 588	-995 062	0	469 369	1 012 366	-713 031	5 061 402	3 946 249
321	<b>Domestic</b> (3212+3213+3214+3215+3216+3217+3218)	-3 063 855	-3 752 817	1 690 502	-222 151	906 447	983 896	1 232 411	77 290	6 938 018	4 197 403
321,1	Acquisition of domestic financial assets (3213,1++3218,1)	1 269 058	1 063 704	1 404 830	852 947	1 319 931	565 465	249 705	821 653	2 015 002	264 875
321,2	Disposals of domestic financial assets (3213,2++3218,2)	2 883 242	3 094 930	1 154 915	80 037	413 484	50 939	29 660	31 332	138 386	13 722
3212	Currency and deposits	-1 449 670	-1 721 591	1 440 588	-995 062	0	469 369	1 012 366	-713 031	5 061 402	3 946 249
3213	Securities other than shares (3213,1-3213,2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3213,1	Acquisition: Securities other than shares	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3213,2	Disposals: Securities other than shares	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3214	Loans (3214,1-3214,2)	832 321	674 350	384 361	535 874	524 062	450 209	141 400	727 206	1 612 706	240 038
3214,1	Acquisition: Loans	1 037 701	837 699	852 673	590 496	937 546	499 948	171 036	758 060	1 742 902	247 554
3214,2	Disposals: Loans	205 380	163 350	468 312	54 623	413 484	49 739	29 636	30 853	130 196	7 516
3215	Shares and other equity (3215,1-3215,2)	-2 446 505	-2 705 576	-134 447	237 037	382 385	64 317	78 645	63 115	263 910	11 116
3215,1	Acquisition: Shares and other equity	231 357	226 005	552 156	262 451	382 385	65 517	78 669	63 593	272 100	17 321
3215,2	Disposals: Shares and other equity	2 677 862	2 931 581	686 603	25 414	0	1 200	24	479	8 190	6 206
322	Foreign (3222+3223+3224+3225+3226+3227+3228)	16 681	18 036	12 445	5 330	1 750	0	901	0	870	-31
322,1	Acquisition of foreign financial assets (3223,1++3228,1)	16 681	18 036	12 445	5 330	1 750	0	901	0	870	-31
322,2	Disposals of foreign financial assets (3223,2++3228,2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3222	Currency and deposits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3225	Shares and other equity (3225,1-3225,2)	16 681	18 036	12 445	5 330	950	0	901	0	901	0
3225,1	Acquisition: Shares and other equity	16 681	18 036	12 445	5 330	950	0	901	0	901	0
3225,2	Disposals: Shares and other equity	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
323	Monetary gold and SDRs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

# TABLE 6: TRANSACTIONS IN LIABILITIES OF BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT

	(000 HRK)	2006	2007	2008	X - XII 2008	Plan 2009	l - III 2009	IV - VI 2009	VII - IX 2009	I - XI 2009	XI 2009
33	NET INCURRENCE OF LIABILITIES (331+332)	-776 988	-1 502 551	4 210 848	5 219 489	10 235 269	4 207 910	4 492 370	1 696 137	15 441 719	4 842 606
33,1	<b>Repayments</b> (331,1+332,1)	10 056 697	8 333 537	6 922 174	2 240 600	9 822 537	4 421 473	3 769 477	848 419	9 323 342	131 415
33,2	Incurrences (331,2+332,2)	9 279 708	6 830 986	11 133 022	7 460 089	20 057 806	8 629 383	8 261 847	2 544 557	24 765 061	4 974 021
	Currency and deposits (3312+3322)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
331	Domestic (3312+3313+3314+3316+3317+3318)	3 166 260	1 477 615	5 656 636	5 113 866	5 971 952	8 304 096	162 863	2 177 080	8 300 311	-2 533 987
331,1	Domestic repayments (3313,1+3314,1+3315,1+3316,1+3317,1+3318,1)	4 250 184	4 604 573	3 871 657	1 840 183	2 761 675	192 182	2 077 211	222 887	2 630 525	69 676
331,2	<b>Domestic incurrences</b> (3313,2+3314,2+3315,2+3316,2+3317,2+3318,2)	7 416 444	6 082 188	9 528 293	6 954 048	8 733 627	8 496 278	2 240 074	2 399 967	10 930 835	-2 464 311
3312	Currency and deposits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3313	Securities other than shares (3313,2-3313,1)	5 648 934	3 520 136	1 089 917	3 595 150	1 276 190	843 360	304 831	1 666 451	3 145 791	71 135
3313,1	Repayments: Securities other than shares	550 859	3 513 172	2 897 430	1 542 308	275 341	135 103	0	138 789	273 892	0
3313,2	Incurrences: Securities other than shares	6 199 793	7 033 308	3 987 347	5 137 459	1 551 531	978 463	304 831	1 805 240	3 419 683	71 135
3314	Loans (3314,2-3314,1)	-2 482 674	-2 042 521	4 566 719	1 518 715	4 695 762	7 460 736	-141 968	510 629	5 154 520	-2 605 122
3314,1	Repayments: Loans	3 699 325	1 091 402	974 227	297 875	2 486 334	57 079	2 077 211	84 098	2 356 633	69 676
3314,2	Incurrences: Loans	1 216 651	-951 119	5 540 946	1 816 590	7 182 096	7 517 815	1 935 243	594 727	7 511 153	-2 535 446
332	Foreign (3322+3323+3324+3326+3327+3328)	-3 943 248	-2 980 166	-1 445 788	105 624	4 263 317	-4 096 186	4 329 508	-480 943	7 141 408	7 376 594
332,1	Foreign repayments (3323,1+3324,1+3325,1+3326,1+3327,1+3328,1)	5 806 513	3 728 963	3 050 517	400 417	7 060 862	4 229 292	1 692 266	625 532	6 692 817	61 739
332,2	Foreign incurrences (3323,2+3324,2+3325,2+3326,2+3327,2+3328,2)	1 863 264	748 798	1 604 729	506 041	11 324 178	133 105	6 021 773	144 589	13 834 225	7 438 332
3322	Currency and deposits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
3323	Securities other than shares (3323,2-3323,1)	-3 480 781	-1 757 723	-1 112 673	0	3 050 000	-3 691 710	4 134 878	0	7 801 073	7 357 905
3323,1	Repayments: Securities other than shares	3 480 781	1 757 723	1 112 673	0	4 950 000	3 691 710	1 362 855	0	5 054 565	0
3323,2	Incurrences: Securities other than shares	0	0	0	0	8 000 000	0	5 497 733	0	12 855 638	7 357 905
3324	Loans (3324,2-3324,1)	-462 468	-1 222 442	-333 116	105 624	1 213 317	-404 476	194 630	-480 943	-659 664	18 688
3324,1	Repayments: Loans	2 325 732	1 971 240	1 937 845	400 417	2 110 862	537 582	329 411	625 532	1 638 252	61 739
3324,2	Incurrences: Loans	1 863 264	748 798	1 604 729	506 041	3 324 178	133 105	524 041	144 589	978 588	80 427

# TABLE 7: TRANSACTIONS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES, BY SECTORS

82 (=32) 821 (=321) 8211	(000 HRK)  NET ACQUISITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS  Acquisition of financial assets	Budgetary Central Government 6 938 888	Extrabudgetary Users	Consolidated Central Governmer
<b>821</b> ( <b>=321</b> ) 8211	•	6 020 000		
21 (=321) 211	•	6 000 000		
211	Acquisition of financial assets		537 512	7 476 400
211		7 179 175	896 397	8 075 572
211	Disposals of financial assets	240 286	358 885	599 171
	Domestic	6 938 018	537 512	7 475 530
	Acquisition of domestic financial assets	7 178 304	896 397	8 074 701
	Disposals of domestic financial assets	240 286	358 885	599 171
	General government	70 862	0	70 862
	Acquisitions: General Government	73 221	0	73 221
	Disposals: General Government	2 358	0	2 358
212	Central bank	4 898 126	0	4 898 126
212				
	Acquisitions: Central bank	4 898 126	0	4 898 126
	Disposals: Central bank	0	0	0
213	Other depositary institutions	300 276	511 057	811 333
	Acquisitions: Other depositary institutions	402 176	511 057	913 233
	Disposals: Other depositary institutions	101 900	0	101 900
215	Nonfinancial institutions	1 636 212	26 455	1 662 667
	Acquisitions: Nonfinancial institutions	1 715 395	385 340	2 100 735
	Disposals: Nonfinancial institutions	79 183	358 885	438 068
216	·			
216	Households and nonprofit institutions serving households	32 542	0	32 542
	Acquisitions: Hholds and nonprofit institutions serving hholds	89 387	0	89 387
	Disposals: Hholds and nonprofit institutions serving hholds	56 845	0	56 845
22 (=322)	Foreign	870	0	870
	Acquisition of foreign financial assets	870	0	870
	Disposals of foreign financial assets	0	0	0
227	International organizations	901	0	901
	Acquisitions: International organizations	901	0	901
200	Disposals: International organizations	0	0	0
229	Other nonresidents	-31	0	-31
	Acquisitions: Other nonresidents	-31	0	-31
	Disposals: Other nonresidents	0	0	0
3 (=33)	NET INCURRENCE OF LIABILITIES	15 441 719	1 010 888	16 452 607
, ,	Repayments: liabilities	9 323 342	281 671	9 605 013
	Incurrences: liabilities	24 765 061	1 292 559	26 057 620
21 ( 221)				
331 (=331)		8 300 311	601 112	8 901 423
	Repayments: domestic liabilities	2 630 525	201 335	2 831 860
	Incurrences: domestic liabilities	10 930 835	802 447	11 733 282
311	General government	0	0	0
	Repayments: General Government	0	0	0
	Incurrences: General Government	0	0	0
313	Other depositary institutions	8 289 213	601 112	8 890 325
515	Repayments: Other depositary institutions	2 628 598	201 335	2 829 933
	• • •			
	Incurrences: Other depositary institutions	10 917 811	802 447	11 720 258
314	Financial institutions not elswhere classified	13 024	0	13 024
	Repayments: Financial institutions not elsewhere classified	0	0	0
	Incurrences: Financial institutions not elsewhere classified	13 024	0	13 024
315	Nonfinancial institutions	-1 927	0	-1 927
	Repayments: Nonfinancial institutions	1 927	0	1 927
	Incurrences: Nonfinancial institutions	0	0	0
22 ( 222)		7 141 408	409 776	7 551 184
32 (=332)	0			
	Repayments: foreign liabilities	6 692 817	80 336	6 773 153
	Incurrences: foreign liabilities	13 834 225	490 112	14 324 337
321	General government	-459 319	0	-459 319
	Repayments: General Government	459 319	0	459 319
	Incurrences: General Government	0	0	0
327	International organizations	380 229	0	380 229
	Repayments: International organizations	598 359	0	598 359
	* *			
	Incurrences: International organizations	978 588	0	978 588
328	Financial institutions other than international organizations	7 220 498	409 776	7 630 274
	Repayments: Financial institutions other than international organizations	5 635 140	80 336	5 715 476
	Incurrences: Financial institutions other than international organizations	12 855 638	490 112	13 345 750
3329	Other nonresidents	0	0	0
-	Repayments: Other nonresidents	0	0	0
	Incurrences: Other nonresidents	0	0	0



# TABLE 8: STATEMENT OF BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT OPERATIONS

(000 HRK)	2006	2007	2008	X - XII 2008	Plan 2009	I - III 2009	IV - VI 2009	VII - IX 2009	I - XI 2009	XI 2009
TRANSACTIONS AFFECTING NET WORTH										
1 REVENUE (11+12+13+14)	95 235 557	108 320 595	115 772 655	28 425 062	110 871 511	26 020 898	26 598 410	28 376 211	99 612 227	9 186 72
11 Taxes	58 469 091	64 234 530	69 572 699	16 288 071	63 202 863	13 547 073	15 389 517	16 979 849	57 142 648	5 509 3
12 Social contributions	33 877 148	37 203 486	40 703 484	10 575 845	40 771 078	9 913 476	9 989 663	10 109 025	36 526 081	3 230 2
13 Grants	195 984	428 038	468 634	127 965	983 810	187 519	137 449	103 202	485 943	35 4
14 Other revenue	2 693 335	6 454 541	5 027 838	1 433 181	5 913 761	2 372 830	1 081 781	1 184 136	5 457 556	411 (
<b>2 EXPENSE</b> (21+22+24+25+26+27+28)	95 949 951	108 007 605	115 292 426	32 424 514	118 041 064	28 841 237	29 486 337	29 442 847	106 481 458	9 674
21 Compensation of employees	24 313 867	27 545 141	29 948 535	7 820 846	30 976 553	7 941 928	7 738 581	7 863 364	28 587 321	2 517 9
22 Use of goods and services	6 069 116	7 162 402	8 113 694	2 998 288	7 962 914	1 856 917	1 898 703	1 768 065	6 561 058	553
24 Interest	4 713 615	4 535 008	4 683 219	861 883	4 727 151	1 866 958	1 120 606	1 181 558	4 587 815	314
25 Subsidies	5 670 789	6 492 010	6 859 512	1 755 731	6 985 483	1 542 906	2 112 830	1 574 042	6 281 700	735
26 Grants	6 652 994	8 363 202	5 783 063	2 127 282	5 402 248	1 002 181	1 377 428	1 573 769	4 847 518	438
27 Social benefits	43 444 589	48 175 989	52 593 214	14 541 884	55 911 564	13 520 210	13 872 713	14 044 230	50 878 594	4 728
28 Other expense	5 084 980	5 733 853	7 311 189	2 318 601	6 075 150	1 110 137	1 365 478	1 437 819	4 737 453	386
NET-GROSS OPERATING BALANCE (1-2)	-714 394	312 990	480 229	-3 999 452	-7 169 553	-2 820 339	-2 887 928	-1 066 636	-6 869 231	-487
CHANGE IN NET WORTH: TRANSACTIONS (31+32-33)	-714 394	312 990	480 229	-3 999 452	-7 169 553	-2 820 339	-2 887 928	-1 066 636	-6 869 231	-487 (
FRANSACTIONS IN NONFINANCIAL ASSETS										
31 NET ACQUISITION OF NONFINANCIAL ASSETS (311+312+313+314)	1 555 792	2 545 220	2 988 129	1 436 859	2 157 519	403 675	371 131	552 211	1 633 599	157
311 Fixed assets	1 595 121	2 625 692	2 719 479	1 286 999	2 035 962	376 382	346 821	488 137	1 516 582	156
312 Change in inventories	-80 226	-161 383	79 444	66 771	-694	1 347	3 463	30 696	35 506	
313 Valuables	7 826	9 620	10 126	4 287	4 538	1 408	4 372	1 244	8 929	1
314 Nonproduced assets	33 072	71 291	179 081	78 802	117 713	24 539	16 475	32 134	72 582	
NET LENDING-BORROWING (1-2-31)	-2 270 186	-2 232 230	-2 507 901	-5 436 310	-9 327 072	-3 224 014	-3 259 058	-1 618 847	-8 502 830	-645
TRANSACTIONS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (FINANCING) (33-32)	2 270 186	2 232 230	2 507 901	5 436 310	9 327 072	3 224 014	3 259 058	1 618 847	8 502 830	645
32 NET ACQUISITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (321+322)	-3 047 174	-3 734 781	1 702 947	-216 821	908 197	983 896	1 233 312	77 290	6 938 888	4 197
321 Domestic	-3 063 855	-3 752 817	1 690 502	-222 151	906 447	983 896	1 232 411	77 290	6 938 018	4 197
322 Foreign	16 681	18 036	12 445	5 330	1 750	0	901	0	870	
3 NET INCURRENCE OF LIABILITIES (331+332)	-776 988	-1 502 551	4 210 848	5 219 489	10 235 269	4 207 910	4 492 370	1 696 137	15 441 719	4 842
331 Domestic	3 166 260	1 477 615	5 656 636	5 113 866	5 971 952	8 304 096	162 863	2 177 080	8 300 311	-2 533
332 Foreign	-3 943 248	-2 980 166								

# MEASURES OF BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT DEFICIT/SURPLUS

TABLE 8A: OPERATING BALANCE AND PRIMARY OPERATING BALANCE (000 HRK)

	Revenues (1)	Expenditures (2)	Operating balance	Interest payments	Primary operating balance
	(1)	(2)	(3) 1-2	(4)	(5) 3+4
X XI XII I-XII 2007	9 210 339 9 034 618 9 770 129 108 320 595	9 154 836 9 774 376 12 328 056 108 007 605	55 504 -739 758 -2 557 928 312 990	174 608 324 737 319 355 4 535 008	230 111 -415 021 -2 238 573 4 847 997
1 2008   II   III   IV   V   VI   VII   VIII   XX   XX   XI   XII   2008	9 849 906 8 765 529 8 729 069 11 427 966 9 329 899 9 467 172 11 353 659 8 977 105 9 447 287 10 079 271 8 588 035 9 757 756 115 772 655	7 831 076 9 168 070 9 083 414 9 513 920 9 333 719 9 141 604 10 404 587 8 905 943 9 485 580 9 330 904 9 060 765 14 032 845 115 292 426	2 018 830 -402 541 -354 344 1 914 046 -3 819 325 569 949 072 71 162 -38 293 748 367 -472 730 -4 275 089 480 229	289 097 1 105 770 354 621 277 931 358 305 354 865 296 629 397 176 386 943 169 275 208 418 484 190 4 683 219	2 307 927 703 229 277 2 191 976 354 486 680 434 1 245 701 468 337 348 650 917 642 -264 313 -3 790 898 5 163 448
2009          V  V  V   V    V    X  X  X	7 979 589 8 146 941 9 894 368 10 258 545 7 616 694 8 723 171 9 604 421 9 220 249 9 551 541 9 429 982 9 186 726 99 612 227	8 716 051 9 591 547 10 533 639 10 639 802 9 124 896 9 721 639 9 934 591 9 370 649 10 137 607 9 036 658 9 674 380 106 481 458	-736 462 -1 444 606 -639 271 -381 258 -1 508 202 -998 468 -330 170 -150 400 -586 066 393 325 -487 654 -6 869 231	257 753 752 778 856 427 416 869 334 293 369 443 201 395 355 792 624 372 104 524 314 169 4 587 815	-478 709 -691 828 217 156 35 611 -1 173 909 -629 025 -128 775 205 392 38 306 497 848 -173 485 -2 281 416

# MEASURES OF BUDGETARY CENTRAL GOVERNMENT DEFICIT/SURPLUS

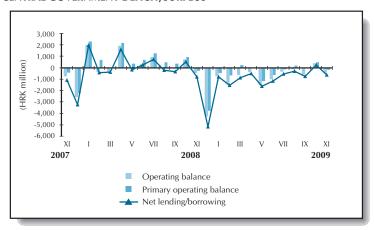


TABLE 8B: NET LENDING/BORROWING (000 HRK)

	Operating balance	Net nonfinancial assets (31)	Net lending/ borrowing*	Financing (33-32)	Net financial assets (32)	Net incurrence of liabilities (33)
	(1)	(2)	(3) 1-2	(4) 6-5	(5)	(6)
X	55 504	384 546	-329 042	329 042	-1 177 477	-848 434
XI	-739 758	338 170	-1 077 928	1 077 928	-1 371 972	-294 044
XII	-2 557 928	665 072	-3 223 000	3 223 000	-3 003 491	219 509
I-XII 2007	312 990	2 545 220	-2 232 230	2 232 230	-3 734 781	-1 502 551
1 2008	2 018 830	54 199	1 964 631	-1 964 631	1 176 140	-788 490
II	-402 541	26 186	-428 727	428 727	-84 821	343 906
III	-354 344	45 897	-400 241	400 241	604 200	1 004 441
IV	1 914 046	297 781	1 616 265	-1 616 265	1 273 851	-342 414
V	-3 819	179 463	-183 283	183 283	-556 982	-373 700
VI	325 569	104 560	221 009	-221 009	-50 401	-271 410
VII	949 072	222 912	726 161	-726 161	712 365	-13 796
VIII	71 162	311 661	-240 500	240 500	-779 994	-539 495
IX	-38 293	308 611	-346 904	346 904	-374 588	-27 684
X	748 367	218 684	529 683	-529 683	565 633	35 951
XI	-472 730	312 903	-785 633	785 633	1 024 270	1 809 903
XII	-475 089	905 271	-5 180 360	5 180 360	-1 806 724	3 373 636
XI	480 229	2 988 129	-2 507 901	2 507 901	1 702 947	4 210 848
I 2009 II III IV V VI VII VIII IX X X XI I-XI 2009	-736 462	60 948	-797 409	797 409	1 752 938	2 347 492
	-1 444 606	106 094	-1 550 700	1 550 700	-1 395 438	155 262
	-639 271	236 634	-875 905	875 905	829 251	1 705 156
	-381 258	111 710	-492 968	492 968	1 309 823	1 802 791
	-1 508 202	100 507	-1 608 709	1 608 709	-1 572 538	36 171
	-998 468	158 914	-1 157 381	1 157 381	1 496 027	2 653 408
	-330 170	236 905	-567 075	567 075	-323 737	243 338
	-150 400	152 066	-302 466	302 466	71 727	374 193
	-586 066	163 240	-749 306	749 306	329 300	1 078 607
	393 325	149 001	244 323	-244 323	447 019	202 696
	-487 654	157 581	-645 234	645 234	4 197 372	4 842 606
	-6 869 231	1 633 599	-8 502 830	8 502 830	6 938 888	15 441 719

<sup>\*</sup> Deficit/surplus according to the GFS 2001 methodology



	(000 HRK)	2006	2007	2008	X - XII 2008	Plan 2009	I - III 2009	IV - VI 2009	VII - IX 2009	1 - XI 2009	XI 2009	I - XI 2009 Plan 2009
  1	REVENUE (11+12+13+14) Taxes	1 971 613 0	2 507 327 0	2 618 977 0	881 505 0	2 093 719 0	441 421 0	531 032 0	676 882 0	2 051 996 0	144 807 0	98.01
12	Social security contributions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
13	Grants (131+132+133)	444 762	542 884	588 928	316 299	320 589	39 310	102 120	106 560	311 213	20 085	97.08
131	From foreign governments	0	0	19 044	2 343	0	0	0	0	0	0	
132	From international organizations	0	18 197	0	0	0	0	0	2 252	2 252	0	
133	From other general government units (1331+1332)	444 762	524 687	569 884	313 956	320 589	39 310	102 120	104 308	308 961	20 085	96.37
1331	Current	89 259	3 643	34 848	30 218	15 000	4 833	1 800	2 376	13 596	1 272	90.64
1332	Capital	355 503	521 044	535 036	283 738	305 589	34 477	100 320	101 932	295 365	18 813	96.65
14	Other revenue	1 526 851	1 964 443	2 030 049	565 206	1 773 130	402 111	428 912	570 322	1 740 783	124 722	98.18
2	<b>EXPENSE</b> (21+22+24+25+26+27+28)	1 779 088	2 108 778	2 339 024	927 437	1 782 702	272 561	538 165	545 049	1 595 899	109 833	89.52
21	Compensation of employees (211+212)	111 293	121 767	135 222	41 140	144 325	32 982	33 504	31 077	116 566	9 279	80.77
211	Wages and salaries	96 298	104 720	116 482	35 534	124 025	28 355	28 962	26 646	100 277	7 964	80.85
212	Social contributions	14 995	17 047	18 740	5 606	20 300	4 627	4 542	4 431	16 289	1 315	80.24
22	Use of goods and services	1 072 478	1 208 936	1 331 786	509 056	1 086 976	135 207	297 486	373 434	957 384	64 022	88.08
24	Interest	31 692	34 639	35 525	10 953	32 830	7 050	9 159	7 122	23 333	1	71.07
25	Subsidies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
26	Grants	53 751	82 301	120 094	53 483	79 181	11 011	31 814	20 346	72 313	4 013	91.33
27	Social benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0= 00
28	Other expense	509 874	661 135	716 397	312 805	439 390	86 311	166 202	113 070	426 303	32 518	97.02
	Net-gross operating balance (1-2)	192 525	398 549	279 953	-45 932	311 017	168 860	-7 133	131 833	456 097	34 974	
81	Net acquisition of nonfinancial assets (31,1 - 31,2)	223 123	315 004	245 968	127 449	289 942	39 638	53 503	97 158	245 771	28 116	84.77
1,1	Acquisition of nonfinancial assets (311,1+312,1+313,1+314,1)	224 983	318 780	246 965	127 479	290 842	39 657	54 238	97 672	247 050	28 122	84.94
31,2	Disposal of nonfinancial assets (311,2+312,2+313,2+314,2)	1 860	3 776	997	30	900	19	735	514	1 279	6	142.11
311	Fixed assets (311,1-311,2-311,3)	208 532	278 730	223 907	120 479	277 542	36 864	52 917	92 605	234 292	25 665	84.42
311,1	Acquisitions: fixed assets	210 392	282 506	224 904	120 509	278 442	36 883	53 652	93 119	235 571	25 671	84.60
311,2	Disposals: fixed assets	1 860	3 776	997	30	900	19	735	514	1 279	6	142.11
314	Nonproduced assets (314,1-314,2-314,3-314,4)	14 591	36 274	22 061	6 970	12 400	2 774	586	4 553	11 479	2 451	92.57
314,1	Acquisitions: nonproduced assets	14 591	36 274	22 061	6 970	12 400	2 774	586	4 553	11 479	2 451	92.57
314,2	Disposals: nonproduced assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Net lending - borrowing (1-2-31)	-30 598	83 545	33 985	-173 381	21 075	129 222	-60 636	34 675	210 326	6 858	
	Financing (33-32)	30 598	-83 545	-33 985	173 381	-21 075	-129 222	60 636	-34 675	-210 326	-6 858	
32	Net acquisition of financial assets (321+322)	-32 316	116 100	32 151	-132 672	101 075	139 600	-80 511	42 111	218 587	19 446	
321	Domestic	-32 316	116 100	32 151	-132 672	101 075	139 600	-80 511	42 111	218 587	19 446	
322	Foreign	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
33	Net incurrence of liabilities (331+332)	-1 718	32 555	-1 834	40 709	80 000	10 378	-19 875	7 436	8 261	12 588	
331	Domestic	12 778	-2 259	-49 781	23 816	-60 000	-21 289	-37 376	-20 322	-90 878	-1	
332	Foreign	-14 496	34 814	47 947	16 893	140 000	31 667	17 501	27 758	99 139	12 589	

TABLE 10: THE ENVIRONMENT PROTECTION FUND TRANSACTIONS

	(000 HRK)	2006	2007	2008	X - XII 2008	Plan 2009	I - III 2009	IV - VI 2009	VII - IX 2009	I - XI 2009	XI 2009	I - XI 2009 Plan 2009
1	<b>REVENUE</b> (11+12+13+14)	660 190	1 102 946	1 221 187	364 099	1 129 735	249 804	284 167	292 692	1 048 638	130 963	92.82
11	Taxes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
12	Social security contributions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
13	Grants (131+132+133)	350	0	<b>0</b> 0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b> 0	0	<b>0</b>	<b>0</b> 0	<b>0</b>	
131 132	From foreign governments From international organizations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
133	From other general government units (1331+1332)	350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1331	Current	350	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1332	Capital	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
14	Other revenue	659 840	1 102 946	1 221 187	364 099	1 129 735	249 804	284 167	292 692	1 048 638	130 963	92.82
2	<b>EXPENSE</b> (21+22+24+25+26+27+28)	734 764	1 092 568	1 109 258	404 573	898 708	198 167	249 954	313 609	1 006 962	92 843	112.05
1	Compensation of employees (211+212)	6 843	12 939	18 600	6 542	21 941	5 143	5 404	5 083	19 170	1 974	87.37
11	Wages and salaries	5 864	11 071	15 942	5 569	18 820	4 427	4 690	4 360	16 520	1 694	87.78
212	Social contributions	979	1 868	2 658	973	3 121	716	714	723	2 650	280	84.91
22	Use of goods and services	608 913	945 697	883 628	318 780	649 453	151 192	206 945	232 058	740 845	69 178	114.07
24	Interest	0	0	0	0	2	0	1	29	32	2	
25	Subsidies	13 803	18 553	39 318	16 227	90 180	10 708	6 496	24 986	88 691	1 361	98.35
26	Grants	102 355	108 582	149 644	54 104	121 575	29 162	29 580	41 070	142 154	19 813	116.93
27	Social benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
28	Other expense	2 850	6 797	18 068	8 920	15 557	1 962	1 528	10 383	16 070	515	103.30
	Net-gross operating balance (1-2)	-74 574	10 378	111 929	-40 474	231 027	51 637	34 213	-20 917	41 676	38 120	
31	Net acquisition of nonfinancial assets (31,1 - 31,2)	14 151	20 189	3 926	1 071	7 691	1 846	2 261	845	5 180	6	67.35
31,1	Acquisition of nonfinancial assets (311,1+312,1+313,1+314,1)	14 287	20 256	3 926	1 063	7 691	1 846	2 261	845	5 180	6	67.35
1,2	Disposal of nonfinancial assets (311,2+312,2+313,2+314,2)	136	67	0	-8	0	0	0	0	0	0	
311	Fixed assets (311 1-311,2-311,3)	2 520	7 741	3 375	967	7 691	1 846	2 261	845	5 180	6	67.35
311,1	Acquisitions: fixed assets	2 656	7 808	3 375	959	7 691	1 846	2 261	845	5 180	6	67.35
11,2 14	Disposals: fixed assets Nonproduced assets (314,1-314,2-314,3-314,4)	136 11 631	67 12 448	0 551	-8 104	0	0	0	0	0	0	
314,1	Acquisitions: nonproduced assets	11 631	12 448	551	104	0	0	0	0	0	0	
314,2	Disposals: nonproduced assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Net lending - borrowing (1-2-31)	-88 725	-9 811	108 003	-41 545	223 336	49 791	31 952	-21 762	36 496	38 114	
	<b>Financing</b> (33-32)	88 725	9 811	-108 003	41 545	-223 336	-49 791	-31 952	21 762	-36 496	-38 114	
32	Net acquisition of financial assets (321+322)	-88 725	-9 811	108 003	-41 545	223 336	49 791	31 952	-21 762	36 496	38 114	
321	Domestic	-88 725	-9 811	108 003	-41 545	223 336	49 791	31 952	-21 762	36 496	38 114	
322	Foreign	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
33	Net incurrence of liabilities (331+332)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
331	Domestic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
332	Foreign	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	

# TABLE 11: THE CROATIAN MOTORWAYS Ltd. TRANSACTIONS

	(000 HRK)	2005	2006	2007	I - III 2007	IV - VI 2007	VII - IX 2007	X - XII 2007
1	<b>REVENUE</b> (11+12+13+14)	2 547 003	2 721 483	4 391 205	554 476	729 978	981 840	2 124 911
11	Taxes	1 380 753	0	0	0	0	0	0
1142	Excises	1 380 753	0	0	0	0	0	0
12	Social security contributions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
<b>13</b> 131	Grants (131+132+133)	<b>0</b>	<b>1 450 358</b>	<b>3 015 869</b> 0	<b>316 773</b> 0	<b>374 169</b> 0	<b>450 041</b>	<b>1 874 886</b>
132	From foreign governments From international organizations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
133	From other general government units (1331+1332)	0	1 450 358	3 015 869	316 773	374 169	450 041	1 874 886
1331	Current	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1332	Capital	0	1 450 358	3 015 869	316 773	374 169	450 041	1 874 886
14	Other revenue	1 166 250	1 271 125	1 375 336	237 703	355 809	531 799	250 025
2	<b>EXPENSE</b> (21+22+24+25+26+27+28)	1 088 687	1 574 490	1 982 632	343 052	514 269	343 805	781 506
21	Compensation of employees (211+212)	289 866	320 097	354 412	82 595	83 694	98 706	89 417
211	Wages and salaries	250 374	276 180	305 329	71 317	72 044	84 598	77 370
212	Social contributions	39 492	43 917	49 083	11 278	11 650	14 108	12 047
22	Use of goods and services	314 534	301 452	326 437	63 067	100 011	82 947	80 412
24	Interest	445 185	589 173	787 824	116 150	280 254	74 985	316 435
25	Subsidies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
26	Grants	3 610	301 777	474 244	68 562	48 620	82 062	275 000
27 28	Social benefits Other expense	0 35 492	0 61 991	0 39 715	0 12 678	0 1 690	0 5 105	0 20 242
20	·	33 492	61 991	39713	12 0/0	1 090	5 105	20 242
	Net-gross operating balance (1-2)	1 458 316	1 146 993	2 408 573	211 424	215 709	638 035	1 343 405
31	Net acquisition of nonfinancial assets (31,1 - 31,2)	3 942 727	2 949 761	3 369 269	582 659	823 712	1 003 657	959 241
31,1	Acquisition of nonfinancial assets (311,1+312,1+313,1+314,1)	3 942 727	3 249 761	3 386 216	595 911	823 712	1 003 657	962 936
31,2	Disposal of nonfinancial assets (311,2+312,2+313,2+314,2)	0	300 000	16 947	13 252	0	0	3 695
311	Fixed assets (311,1-311,2-311,3)	3 825 950	2 748 525	3 240 471	548 763	787 927	915 816	987 965
311,1	Acquisitions: fixed assets	3 825 950	3 048 525	3 257 418	562 015	787 927	915 816	991 660
311,2	Disposals: fixed assets	0	300 000	16 947	13 252	0	0	3 695
314	Nonproduced assets (314,1-314,2-314,3-314,4)	116 777	201 236	128 798	33 896	35 785	87 841	-28 724
314,1	Acquisitions: nonproduced assets	116 777	201 236	128 798	33 896	35 785 0	87 841 0	-28 724
314,2	Disposals: nonproduced assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Net lending - borrowing (1-2-31)	-2 484 411	-1 802 768	-960 696	-371 235	-608 003	-365 622	384 164
	Financing (33-32)	2 484 411	1 802 768	960 696	371 235	608 003	365 622	-384 164
32	Net acquisition of financial assets (321+322)	-42 758	248 366	289 126	-234 657	101 490	-43 950	466 243
321	Domestic	-42 758	248 366	289 126	-234 657	101 490	-43 950	466 243
322	Foreign	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
33	Net incurrence of liabilities (331-332)	2 441 653	2 051 134	1 249 822	136 578	709 493	321 672	82 079
	Demostic	1 698 272	1 758 422	-87 997	220 507	221 496	0	-530 000
331	Domestic	1 0 3 0 2 7 2	1 / 30 722	01 551		221 130	O	330 000

**TABLE 12: THE CROATIAN ROADS Ltd. TRANSACTIONS** 

	(000 HRK)	2006	2007	2008	X - XII 2008	Plan 2009	I - III 2009	IV - VI 2009	VII - IX 2009	1 - XI 2009	XI 2009	I - XI 2009 Plan 2009
1	<b>REVENUE</b> (11+12+13+14)	1 804 019	2 110 381	1 549 929	348 794	1 420 990	210 064	201 224	346 106	975 552	90 582	68.65
11	Taxes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1142	Excises	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
12	Social security contributions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
13	Grants (131+132+133)	1 739 270	1 990 435	1 468 959	326 544	1 343 247	190 762	180 852	324 119	887 400	85 274	66.06
131	From foreign governments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
132 133	From international organizations From other general government units (1331+1332)	1 739 270	1 990 435	1 468 959	326 544	1 343 247	190 762	180 852	324 119	887 400	0 85 274	66.06
1331	Current	1 / 39 2/0	1 990 433	1 400 939	0	1 343 247	190 762	0	0	007 400	03 274	00.00
1331	Capital	1 739 270	1 990 435	1 468 959	326 544	1 343 247	190 762	180 852	324 119	887 400	85 274	66.06
14	Other revenue	64 749	119 946	80 970	22 250	77 743	19 302	20 372	21 987	88 152	5 308	113.39
17	Other revenue	04749	117 740	00 370	22 230	77 743	17 302	20 37 2	21 307	00 132	3 300	113.33
2	<b>EXPENSE</b> (21+22+24+25+26+27+28)	1 226 934	1 243 399	1 592 627	567 145	1 537 717	385 430	268 019	382 221	1 207 895	97 407	78.55
21	Compensation of employees (211+212)	70 786	78 005	86 547	22 038	95 361	21 728	22 178	27 181	85 709	7 265	89.88
211	Wages and salaries	60 787	67 035	74 359	18 991	82 041	18 649	19 165	23 310	73 688	6 240	89.82
212	Social contributions	9 999	10 970	12 188	3 047	13 320	3 079	3 013	3 871	12 021	1 025	90.25
22	Use of goods and services	850 772	819 311	1 107 252	384 734	868 991	280 391	166 365	268 912	826 315	66 528	95.09
24	Interest	43 374	85 641	142 396	75 346	316 865	14 491	63 755	84 697	186 481	8 143	58.85
25	Subsidies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
26	Grants	0	7 607	3 884	1 069	0	458	0	0	458	0	
27	Social benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
28	Other expense	262 002	252 835	252 548	83 958	256 500	68 362	15 721	1 431	108 932	15 471	42.47
	Net-gross operating balance (1-2)	577 085	866 982	-42 698	-218 351	-116 727	-175 366	-66 795	-36 115	-232 343	-6 825	
31	Net acquisition of nonfinancial assets (31,1 - 31,2)	1 350 834	1 603 747	1 142 207	380 842	873 590	221 218	144 912	271 779	744 700	42 516	85.25
31,1	Acquisition of nonfinancial assets (311,1+312,1+313,1+314,1)	1 351 622	1 604 733	1 143 098	381 150	878 600	221 353	149 448	272 027	749 703	42 557	85.33
31,2	Disposal of nonfinancial assets (311,2+312,2+313,2+314,2)	788	986	891	308	5 010	135	4 536	248	5 003	41	99.86
311	Fixed assets (311,1-311,2-311,3)	1 227 447	1 416 639	932 682	307 536	721 290	108 919	113 755	205 937	524 452	33 947	72.71
311,1	Acquisitions: fixed assets	1 228 235	1 417 625	933 573	307 844	726 300	109 054	118 291	206 185	529 455	33 988	72.90
311,2	Disposals: fixed assets	788	986	891	308	5 010	135	4 536	248	5 003	41	99.86
314	Nonproduced assets (314,1-314,2-314,3-314,4)	123 387	187 108	209 525	73 306	152 300	112 299	31 157	65 842	220 248	8 569	144.61
314,1	Acquisitions: nonproduced assets	123 387	187 108	209 525	73 306	152 300	112 299	31 157	65 842	220 248	8 569	144.61
314,2	Disposals: nonproduced assets	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Net lending - borrowing (1-2-31)	-773 749	-736 765	-1 184 905	-599 193	-990 317	-396 584	-211 707	-307 894	-977 043	-49 341	
	<b>Financing</b> (33-32)	773 749	736 765	1 184 905	599 193	990 317	396 584	211 707	307 894	977 043	49 341	
32	Net acquisition of financial assets (321+322)	-29 083	-45 061	217 802	18 715	0	241 836	-140 074	-96 172	4 216	-2 173	
321	Domestic	-29 083	-45 061	217 802	18 715	0	241 836	-140 074	-96 172	4 216	-2 173	
322	Foreign	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
33	Net incurrence of liabilities (331+332)	744 666	691 704	1 402 707	617 908	990 317	638 420	71 633	211 722	981 259	47 168	
<b>33</b> 331	Net incurrence of liabilities (331+332) Domestic	<b>744 666</b> 471 685	<b>691 704</b> 523 681	<b>1 402 707</b> 1 128 764	<b>617 908</b> 559 909	<b>990 317</b> 706 317	<b>638 420</b> 561 535	<b>71 633</b> -17	<b>211 722</b> 148 722	<b>981 259</b> 710 065	<b>47 168</b> 0	

# TABLE 13: THE STATE AGENCY FOR DEPOSIT INSURANCE AND BANK REHABILITATION TRANSACTIONS

(00)	00 HRK)	2006	2007	2008	X - XII 2008	Plan 2009	I - III 2009	IV - VI 2009	VII - IX 2009	I - XI 2009	XI 2009	I - XI 2009 Plan 2009
I REV	/ENUE (11+12+13+14)	409 581	391 441	808 342	431 451	566 809	116 094	162 342	135 075	536 618	9 784	94.67
11 Tax		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	ial security contributions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	ants (131+132+133)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	From foreign governments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	rom international organizations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	From other general government units (1331+1332)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
331	Current	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
332	Capital	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0.4.6=
14 Oth	ner revenue	409 581	391 441	808 342	431 451	566 809	116 094	162 342	135 075	536 618	9 784	94.67
	PENSE (21+22+24+25+26+27+28)	27 354	47 820	254 706	216 740	253 323	67 359	71 672	67 189	250 227	21 996	98.78
	mpensation of employees (211+212)	5 713	6 076	6 966	1 620	7 555	1 778	1 772	1 835	6 552	584	86.72
	Nages and salaries	4 896	5 208	5 972	1 387	6 445	1 523	1 521	1 570	5 612	500	87.08
	Social contributions	817	868	994	233	1 110	255	251	265	940	84	84.68
	e of goods and services	12 472	20 359	10 274	1 909	7 963	963	2 458	1 115	5 053	233	63.46
	erest	239	345	8 886	8 832	740	73	663	0	736	0	99.46
	osidies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	ants	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	ial benefits	1 357	523	704	115	2 000	2	55	60	218	101	10.90
8 Oth	ner expense	7 573	20 517	227 876	204 264	235 065	64 543	66 724	64 179	237 668	21 078	101.11
Net	t-gross operating balance (1-2)	382 227	343 621	553 636	214 711	313 486	48 735	90 670	67 886	286 391	-12 212	
31 Net	t acquisition of nonfinancial assets (31,1 - 31,2)	493	-18 959	-10 262	-13 523	273	27	101	0	258	130	94.51
1,1 A	Acquisition of nonfinancial assets (311,1+312,1+313,1+314,1)	565	1 202	25 070	7	273	27	101	0	258	130	94.51
1,2	Disposal of nonfinancial assets (311,2+312,2+313,2+314,2)	72	20 161	35 332	13 530	0	0	0	0	0	0	
11	Fixed assets (311,1-311,2-311,3)	493	-18 959	11 540	-13 523	273	27	101	0	258	130	94.51
11,1	Acquisitions: fixed assets	565	1 202	25 070	7	273	27	101	0	258	130	94.51
311,2	Disposals: fixed assets	72	20 161	13 530	13 530	0	0	0	0	0	0	
Net	t lending - borrowing (1-2-31)	381 734	362 580	563 898	228 234	313 213	48 708	90 569	67 886	286 133	-12 342	
Fina	ancing (33-32)	-381 734	-362 580	-563 898	-228 234	-313 213	-48 708	-90 569	-67 886	-286 133	12 342	
32 Net	t acquisition of financial assets (321+322)	381 734	362 580	563 898	228 234	313 213	48 708	90 569	67 886	286 133	-12 342	
	Domestic	381 734	362 580	563 898	228 234	313 213	48 708	90 569	67 886	286 133	-12 342	
	Foreign	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3 Net	t incurrence of liabilities (331+332)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Domestic	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
3 I												

**TABLE 14: THE CROATIAN PRIVATIZATION FUND TRANSACTIONS** 

	(000 HRK)	2006	2007	2008	X - XII 2008	Plan 2009	I - III 2009	IV - VI 2009	VII - IX 2009	I - XI 2009	XI 2009	I - XI 2009 Plan 2009
	<b>REVENUE</b> (11+12+13+14)	65 871	58 324	54 661	9 853	49 536	3 784	13 535	11 789	30 288	218	61.14
11	Taxes	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
12	Social security contributions	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
13	Grants (131+132+133)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
131	From foreign governments	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
132	From international organizations	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
133	From other general government units (1331+1332)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1331	Current	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
1332	Capital	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
14	Other revenue	65 871	58 324	54 661	9 853	49 536	3 784	13 535	11 789	30 288	218	61.14
2	<b>EXPENSE</b> (21+22+24+25+26+27+28)	78 375	88 241	87 036	24 205	95 931	20 481	20 463	18 699	73 864	7 226	77.00
21	Compensation of employees (211+212)	31 920	36 285	34 453	9 069	40 127	8 533	8 555	8 609	31 294	2 787	77.99
211	Wages and salaries	27 508	31 233	29 814	7 902	34 982	7 322	7 355	7 399	26 872	2 388	76.82
212	Social contributions	4 412	5 052	4 639	1 167	5 145	1 211	1 200	1 210	4 422	399	85.95
22	Use of goods and services	30 039	34 173	21 771	6 843	24 277	4 522	2 545	2 836	13 542	2 231	55.78
24	Interest	16 416	17 783	30 812	8 293	31 527	7 426	9 363	7 254	29 028	2 208	92.07
25	Subsidies	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
26	Grants	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
27	Social benefits	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
28	Other expense	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
	Net-gross operating balance (1-2)	-12 504	-29 917	-32 375	-14 352	-46 395	-16 697	-6 928	-6 910	-43 576	-7 008	
81	Net acquisition of nonfinancial assets (31,1 - 31,2)	-51 175	-23 514	-141 769	-505	-67 000	-8 398	-4 266	-2 044	-14 288	500	
31,1	Acquisition of nonfinancial assets (311,1+312,1+313,1+314,1)	2 907	3 553	2 621	775	3 000	237	67	0	972	652	32.40
31,2	Disposal of nonfinancial assets (311,2+312,2+313,2+314,2)	54 082	27 067	144 390	1 280	70 000	8 635	4 333	2 044	15 260	152	21.80
311	Fixed assets (311,1-311,2-311,3)	-51 175	-23 514	-7 358	-505	-19 000	-3 570	-3 929	-834	-7 823	550	
311,1	Acquisitions: fixed assets	2 907	3 553	2 621	775	3 000	26	66	0	760	652	25.33
311,2	Disposals: fixed assets	54 082	27 067	9 979	1 280	22 000	3 596	3 995	834	8 583	102	39.01
	Net lending - borrowing (1-2-31)	38 671	-6 403	109 394	-13 847	20 605	-8 299	-2 662	-4 866	-29 288	-7 508	
	Financing (33-32)	-38 671	6 403	-109 394	13 847	-20 605	8 299	2 662	4 866	29 288	7 508	
32	Net acquisition of financial assets (321+322)	-87 682	82 691	151 763	-20 305	-130 000	-17 421	40 116	-6 704	-7 920	-11 787	
321	Domestic	-87 682	82 691	151 763	-20 305	-130 000	-17 421	40 116	-6 704	-7 920	-11 787	
	Foreign	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
322												
322 33	Net incurrence of liabilities (331+332)	-126 353	89 094	42 369	-6 458	-150 605	-9 122	42 778	-1 838	21 368	-4 279	
	Net incurrence of liabilities (331+332)  Domestic	<b>-126 353</b> -126 353	<b>89 094</b> 106 055	<b>42 369</b> 60 128	<b>-6 458</b> -1 877	<b>-150 605</b> -131 546	<b>-9 122</b> -4 056	<b>42 778</b> -8 219	<b>-1 838</b> 4 229	<b>21 368</b> -18 075	<b>-4 279</b> -4 021	

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# TABLE 15: CONSOLIDATED CENTRAL GOVERNMENT BY ECONOMIC CATEGORY

	(000 HRK)	2006	2007	2008	X - XII 2008	Plan 2009	I - III 2009	IV - VI 2009	VII - IX 2009	I - XI 2009	XI 2009	I - XI 2009 Plan 2009
1	<b>REVENUE</b> (11+12+13+14)		113 386 165	120 036 688		114 508 464	26 821 634	27 512 635	29 421 328	103 089 562	9 459 528	90.03
11	Taxes (111+113+114+115+116)	58 469 091	64 234 530	69 572 699	16 288 072	63 202 863	13 547 073	15 389 517	16 979 849	57 142 648	5 509 387	90.41
111	Taxes of income and profits and capital gains	8 515 615	10 589 083	12 252 205	2 673 702	11 105 988	2 502 224	3 330 303	2 468 658	9 920 259	818 992	89.32
113	Taxes on property	482 331	578 621	635 930	192 942	596 426	125 995	151 752	122 905	487 624	46 066	81.76
114 1141	Taxes on goods and services (1141+1142+1144+1145+1146) General taxes on goods and services (11411+11412)	47 546 223 35 091 381	51 099 930 37 916 509	54 482 172 41 474 566	12 892 827 9 807 812	48 791 226 36 961 031	10 447 707 8 152 064	11 388 782 9 022 873	13 453 615 10 073 877	44 053 471 34 066 258	4 274 709 3 412 403	90.29 92.17
11411	Value-added taxes	34 931 750		41 474 306	9 768 575	36 818 812	8 121 721	8 990 869	10 0/3 6//	33 952 156	3 402 191	92.17
11411	Sales taxes	159 631	168 522	166 531	39 237	142 219	30 342	32 004	30 545	114 103	10 212	80.23
11412	Excises	11 564 709	12 168 666	11 875 126	2 749 710	10 664 564	2 053 881	2 093 488	3 140 246	9 070 710	784 056	85.05
115	Taxes on international trade and transactions	1 588 456	1 641 478	1 900 865	451 674	1 784 632	401 159	443 664	457 696	1 585 510	128 733	88.84
116	Other taxes	336 466	325 418	301 527	76 927	924 590	69 988	75 017	476 974	1 095 783	240 886	118.52
12	Social contributions	33 877 148	37 203 486	40 703 484	10 575 845	40 771 078	9 913 476	9 989 663	10 109 025	36 526 081	3 230 249	89.59
13	Grants	194 484	481 173	537 458	164 300	1 023 810	197 160	142 346	116 454	518 799	37 225	50.67
14	Other revenue	7 851 883		9 223 047	2 826 040	9 510 714	3 163 925	1 991 109	2 216 001	8 902 035	682 667	93.60
2	<b>EXPENSE</b> (21+22+24+25+26+27+28)	98 751 408	109 074 989	118 686 014	33 958 107	120 985 609	29 564 804	30 356 535	30 352 187	109 450 548	9 900 133	90.47
21	Compensation of employees (211+212)	25 512 962	28 154 625	30 230 323	7 901 255	31 285 862	8 012 092	7 809 994	7 937 149	28 846 612	2 539 852	92.20
211	Wages and salaries	21 699 724	23 761 684	25 696 005	6 764 380	26 572 319	6 777 008	6 608 771	6 755 195	24 459 318	2 151 977	92.05
212	Social contributions	3 813 238	4 392 941	4 534 318	1 136 874	4 713 544	1 235 083	1 201 222	1 181 954	4 387 293	387 876	93.08
22	Use of goods and services	9 193 481	10 517 315	11 468 405	4 219 610	10 600 574	2 429 192	2 574 502	2 646 420	9 104 197	755 954	85.88
24	Interest	5 397 046	5 461 240	4 900 838	965 307	5 109 115	1 895 998	1 203 547	1 280 660	4 827 425	324 523	94.49
25	Subsidies	5 684 592	6 510 563	6 898 830	1 771 958	7 075 663	1 553 614	2 119 326	1 599 028	6 370 391	736 992	90.03
26	Grants	2 838 842	3 539 882	4 067 622	1 629 431	3 979 168	822 381	1 160 747	1 217 758	3 896 686	358 853	97.93
27	Social benefits	44 192 851	48 176 512	52 593 918	14 541 999	55 913 564	13 520 212	13 872 768	14 044 290	50 878 812	4 728 254	91.00
28	Other expense	5 931 633	6 714 852	8 526 078	2 928 548	7 021 662	1 331 315	1 615 653	1 626 882	5 526 426	455 705	78.71
	NET-GROSS OPERATING BALANCE (1-2)	1 641 197	4 311 176	1 350 674	-4 103 850	-6 477 145	-2 743 170	-2 843 901	-930 859	-6 360 986	-440 605	
3	CHANGE IN NET WORTH: TRANSACTIONS (31+32-33)	1 641 197	4 311 176	1 350 674	-4 103 850	-6 477 145	-2 743 170	-2 843 901	-930 859	-6 360 986	-440 605	
31	NET ACQUISITION OF NONFINANCIAL ASSETS (311+312+313+314)	6 108 627	7 810 956	4 228 199	1 932 193	3 262 015	658 006	567 642	919 949	2 615 220	228 849	80.17
311	Fixed assets	5 788 654	7 526 800	3 883 625	1 701 953	3 023 758	520 468	511 926	786 690	2 272 941	216 540	75.17
312	Inventories	-80 226	-161 383	79 444	66 771	-694	1 347	3 463	30 696	35 506	0	
313	Valuables	7 826	9 620	10 126	4 287	4 538	1 408	4 372	1 244	8 929	1 015	196.77
314	Nonproduced assets	392 374	435 919	255 005	159 182	234 413	134 784	47 881	101 319	297 844	11 294	127.06
	NET LENDING-BORROWING (1-2-31)	-4 467 430	-3 499 780	-2 877 526	-6 036 042	-9 739 160	-3 401 176	-3 411 542	-1 850 808	-8 976 206	-669 453	
	TRANSACTIONS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (FINANCING) (33-32)	4 467 430	3 499 780	2 877 526	6 036 042	9 739 160	3 401 176	3 411 542	1 850 808	8 976 206	669 453	
32	NET ACQUISITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (321+322+323)	-2 576 689	-2 939 156	2 776 564	-164 394	1 415 821	1 446 410	1 175 364	62 649	7 476 400	4 228 630	
321	Domestic	-2 593 370	-2 957 192	2 764 119	-169 724	1 414 071	1 446 410	1 174 463	62 649	7 475 530	4 228 661	
322	Foreign	16 681	18 036	12 445	5 330	1 750	0	901	0	870	-31	
323	Monetary gold and SDRs	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	
33	NET INCURRENCE OF LIABILITIES (331+332)	1 890 741	560 624	5 654 090	5 871 648	11 154 981	4 847 586	4 586 906	1 913 457	16 452 607	4 898 083	
331	Domestic	5 282 792	2 017 095	6 795 747	5 695 714	6 486 723	8 840 286	117 251	2 309 709	8 901 423	-2 538 009	
332	Foreign	-3 392 051	-1 456 471	-1 141 657	175 935	4 668 258	-3 992 700	4 469 656	-396 252	7 551 184	7 436 093	

TABLE 16: CONSOLIDATED CENTRAL GOVERNMENT ACCORDING TO GOVERNMENT LEVEL

	(000 HRK)	2006	2007	2008	X - XII 2008	Plan 2009	I - III 2009	IV - VI 2009	VII - IX 2009	I - XI 2009	XI 2009	I - XI 2009 Plan 2009
1	REVENUE (A+B) A) Budgetary Central Government B) Extrabudgetary Users (1++9) 1. Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance	<b>95 234 057 5 158 548</b> 293 485	113 386 165 108 296 963 5 089 202	120 036 688 115 766 517 4 270 171		114 508 464 110 871 511 3 636 953	26 821 634 26 019 698 801 936	27 512 635 26 598 410 914 225	29 421 328 28 375 011 1 046 317	103 089 562 99 607 342 3 482 220	9 459 528 9 186 726 272 802	90.03 89.84 95.75
	Croatian Health Insurance Institute     Croatian Employment Service     Croatian Waters     Environment Protection Fund     Croatian Motorways Ltd.	848 683 18 363 1 526 851 659 840 1 271 125	2 041 209 1 102 946 1 375 336	2 105 011 1 221 187	607 480 364 099	1 813 130 1 129 735	412 952 249 804	433 809 284 167	584 774 292 692	1 778 524 1 048 638	126 529 130 963	98.09 92.82
	<ul><li>7. Croatian Roads Ltd.</li><li>8. State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Rehabilitation</li><li>9. Croatian Privatization Fund</li></ul>	64 749 409 581 65 871	119 946 391 441 58 324	80 970 808 342 54 661	22 250 431 451 9 853	77 743 566 809 49 536	19 302 116 094 3 784	20 372 162 342 13 535	21 987 135 075 11 789	88 152 536 618 30 288	5 308 9 784 218	113.39 94.67 61.14
2	EXPENSE (A+B) A) Budgetary Central Government B) Extrabudgetary Users (1++9) 1. Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance	98 751 408 91 979 693 6 771 715 565 857	109 074 989 103 004 916 6 070 073			120 985 609 116 417 228 4 568 381	29 564 804 28 622 006 942 798	30 356 535 29 208 262 1 148 273	30 352 187 29 026 620 1 325 567	109 450 548 105 320 586 4 129 962	9 900 133 9 570 828 329 305	90.47 90.47 90.40
	2. Croatian Health Insurance Institute 3. Croatian Employment Service 4. Croatian Waters 5. Environment Protection Fund	931 628 155 002 1 779 088 734 764	2 099 001 1 083 268	2 335 424 1 106 720	923 837 402 235	1 782 702 898 708	271 361 198 167	538 165 249 954	543 849 313 609	1 591 099 1 006 877	109 833 92 843	89.25 112.04
	Croatian Motorways Ltd.     Croatian Roads Ltd.     State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Rehabilitation     Croatian Privatization Fund	1 272 713 1 226 934 27 354 78 375	1 509 844 1 241 899 47 820 88 241	1 592 627 254 706 87 036	567 145 216 740 24 205	1 537 717 253 323 95 931	385 430 67 359 20 481	268 019 71 672 20 463	382 221 67 189 18 699	1 207 895 250 227 73 864	97 407 21 996 7 226	78.55 98.78 77.00
	NET-GROSS OPERATING BALANCE (1-2)	1 641 197	4 311 176	1 350 674	-4 103 850	-6 477 145	-2 743 170	-2 843 901	-930 859	-6 360 986	-440 605	77.00
3	CHANGE IN NET WORTH: TRANSACTIONS (31+32-33)	1 641 197	4 311 176	1 350 674	-4 103 850	-6 477 145	-2 743 170	-2 843 901	-930 859	-6 360 986	-440 605	
31	NET ACQUISITION OF NONFINANCIAL ASSETS Acquisition (A+B) A) Budgetary Central Government B) Extrabudgetary Users Disposals (A+B) A) Budgetary Central Government B) Extrabudgetary Users	6 108 627 6 836 371 1 908 482 4 927 889 727 744 352 690 375 054	7 810 956 8 378 646 3 043 906 5 334 740 567 689 498 685 69 004	4 228 199 4 713 229 3 291 549 1 421 680 485 029 303 419 181 610	1 932 193 2 044 140 1 533 666 510 474 111 948 96 808 15 140	3 262 015 3 676 474 2 496 068 1 180 406 414 459 338 549 75 910	658 006 738 193 475 073 263 120 80 187 71 398 8 789	567 642 648 932 442 817 206 115 81 290 71 686 9 604	919 949 1 005 554 635 010 370 544 85 605 82 799 2 806	2 615 220 2 908 862 1 905 699 1 003 163 293 642 272 100 21 542	228 849 249 466 177 999 71 467 20 618 20 419 199	80.17 79.12 76.35 84.98 70.85 80.37 28.38
	NET LENDING-BORROWING (1-2-31)	-4 467 430	-3 499 780	-2 877 526	-6 036 042	-9 739 160	-3 401 176	-3 411 542	-1 850 808	-8 976 206	-669 453	
	TRANSACTIONS IN FINANCIAL ASSETS AND LIABILITIES (FINANCING) (33-32)	4 467 430	3 499 780	2 877 526	6 036 042	9 739 160	3 401 176	3 411 542	1 850 808	8 976 206	669 453	
32 321	NET ACQUISITION OF FINANCIAL ASSETS (321+322+323)  Domestic (A+B)  A) Budgetary Central Government B) Extrabudgetary Users	<b>-2 576 689</b> <b>-2 593 370</b> -3 063 855 470 485	<b>-2 939 156</b> <b>-2 957 192</b> -3 752 817 795 625	<b>2 776 564 2 764 119</b> 1 690 502 1 073 617	<b>-164 394</b> <b>-169 724</b> -222 151 52 427	<b>1 415 821 1 414 071</b> 906 447 507 624	1 446 410 1 446 410 983 896 462 514	<b>1 175 364 1 174 463</b> 1 232 411 -57 948	<b>62 649 62 649</b> 77 290 -14 641	7 476 400 7 475 530 6 938 018 537 512	<b>4 228 630 4 228 661</b> 4 197 403 31 258	
322 323	Foreign (A+B)  A) Budgetary Central Government B) Extrabudgetary Users  Monetary gold and SDRs	<b>16 681</b> 16 681 0	18 036 18 036 0	<b>12 445</b> 12 445 0 0	<b>5 330</b> 5 330 0	1 750 1 750 0	0 0 0	901 901 0	0 0 0	<b>870</b> 870 0	-31 -31 0	
33 331	NET INCURRENCE OF LIABILITIES (331+332) Domestic (A+B) A) Budgetary Central Government	1 <b>890 741</b> 5 <b>282 792</b> 3 166 260	<b>560 624 2 017 095</b> 1 477 615	<b>5 654 090 6 795 747</b> 5 656 636	5 871 648 5 695 714 5 113 866	11 154 981 6 486 723 5 971 952	4 847 586 8 840 286 8 304 096	4 586 906 117 251 162 863	1 913 457 2 309 709 2 177 080	16 452 607 8 901 423 8 300 311	<b>4 898 083 -2 538 009 -2</b> 533 987	
332	B) Extrabudgetary Users Foreign (A+B) A) Budgetary Central Government B) Extrabudgetary Users	2 116 532 -3 392 051 -3 943 248 551 197	539 480 <b>-1 456 471</b> -2 980 166 1 523 695	1 139 111 <b>-1 141 657</b> -1 445 788 304 131	581 848 <b>175 935</b> 105 624 70 311	514 771 <b>4 668 258</b> 4 263 317 404 941	536 190 -3 992 700 -4 096 186 103 486	-45 612 <b>4 469 656</b> 4 329 508 140 148	132 629 <b>-396 252</b> -480 943 84 691	601 112 <b>7 551 184</b> 7 141 408 409 776	-4 022 <b>7 436 093</b> 7 376 594 59 499	

# MEASURES OF CONSOLIDATED CENTRAL GOVERNMENT DEFICIT/SURPLUS

TABLE 16A: OPERATING BALANCE AND PRIMARY OPERATING BALANCE (000 HRK)

	Revenues (1)	Expenditures (2)	Operating balance	Interest payments (24)	Primary operating balance
	(1)	(2)	(3) 1-2	(4)	(5) 3+4
X XI XII I-XII 2007	9 679 740 9 538 870 10 233 228 113 386 165	9 358 249 10 088 816 11 460 099 109 074 989	321 492 -549 946 -1 226 871 4 311 176	262 727 421 506 513 150 5 461 240	584 218 -128 440 -713 721 9 772 415
2008      II  V  V  VI  VII  VIII  X  X  X  XI  XII  X I 2008	10 060 978 9 117 172 8 983 314 11 736 173 9 681 086 9 802 818 11 690 868 9 307 884 9 802 137 10 407 904 8 939 276 10 507 077 120 036 687	7 986 792 9 281 071 9 209 249 9 695 641 9 470 466 9 524 898 10 612 274 9 077 156 9 870 361 9 575 840 9 513 498 14 868 769	2 074 186 -163 899 -225 934 2 040 532 210 621 277 921 1 078 594 230 728 -68 224 832 064 -574 222 -4 361 692 1 350 674	296 016 1 106 805 371 157 294 547 359 791 398 097 303 806 398 899 406 414 183 998 214 600 566 709 4 900 838	2 370 202 942 906 145 223 2 335 078 570 412 676 018 1 382 400 629 626 338 190 1 016 062 -359 623 -3 794 982 6 251 512
I 2009 II III IV V VI VII VIII IX X XI I-XI 2009	8 177 225 8 458 789 10 185 620 10 633 564 7 875 330 9 003 741 10 024 156 9 536 933 9 860 239 9 874 437 9 459 528 103 089 562	8 905 751 9 731 253 10 927 800 10 923 844 9 394 401 10 038 290 10 271 810 9 655 884 10 424 493 9 276 889 9 900 133 109 450 548	-728 525 -1 272 464 -742 180 -290 281 -1 519 071 -1 034 549 -247 654 -118 951 -564 254 597 548 -440 605 -6 360 986	261 966 757 692 876 340 435 957 337 534 430 055 237 419 395 009 648 233 122 697 324 523 4 827 425	-466 559 -514 772 134 160 145 676 -1 181 537 -604 493 -10 235 276 058 83 979 720 244 -116 081 -1 533 561

# MEASURES OF CONSOLIDATED CENTRAL GOVERNMENT DEFICIT/SURPLUS

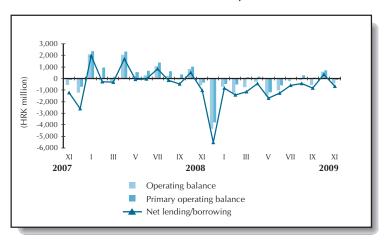


TABLE 16B: NET LENDING/BORROWING (000 HRK)

	Operating balance	Net nonfinancial assets (31)	Net lending/ borrowing*	Financing (33-32)	Net financial assets (32)	Net incurrence of liabilities (33)
	(1)	(2)	(3) 1-2	(4) 6-5	(5)	(6)
X XI XII I-XII 2007	321 492 -549 946 -1 226 871 4 311 176	800 093 676 815 1 372 970 7 810 956	-478 601 -1 226 761 -2 599 841 -3 499 780	478 601 1 226 761 2 599 841 3 499 780	-1 175 365 -1 277 773 -2 488 370 -2 939 156	-696 763 -51 012 111 471 560 624
2008         V  V  V   V    V    V    X  X  X  X    X   2008	2 074 186 -163 899 -225 934 2 040 532 210 621 277 921 1 078 594 230 728 -68 224 832 064 -574 222 -4 361 692 1 350 674	111 405 118 935 70 680 361 430 280 640 312 951 263 804 369 723 406 438 310 220 445 740 1 176 232 4 228 199	1 962 781 -282 834 -296 614 1 679 102 -70 020 -35 030 814 791 -138 996 -474 662 521 844 -1 019 962 -5 537 924 -2 877 526	-1 962 781 282 834 296 614 -1 679 102 70 020 35 030 -814 791 138 996 474 662 -521 844 1 019 962 5 537 924 2 877 526	1 163 596 131 461 676 787 1 326 194 -278 016 31 130 1 055 427 -700 603 -465 016 617 710 980 730 -1 762 834 2 776 564	-799 184 414 295 973 401 -352 908 -207 997 66 160 240 636 -561 608 9 646 95 867 2 000 692 3 775 090 5 654 090
1 2009 II III IV V VI VII VIII IX X X XI I-XI 2009	-728 525 -1 272 464 -742 180 -290 281 -1 519 071 -1 034 549 -247 654 -118 951 -564 254 597 548 -440 605 -6 360 986	90 270 145 728 422 009 152 704 182 532 232 406 330 408 334 943 254 598 240 774 228 849 2 615 220	-818 795 -1 418 192 -1 164 189 -442 985 -1 701 603 -1 266 954 -578 062 -453 894 -818 852 356 773 -669 453 -8 976 206	818 795 1 418 192 1 164 189 442 985 1 701 603 1 266 954 578 062 453 894 818 852 -356 773 669 453 8 976 206	1 598 685 -1 253 610 1 101 335 1 425 819 -1 664 866 1 414 411 -342 097 162 747 241 999 563 348 4 228 630 7 476 400	2 417 480 164 582 2 265 524 1 868 804 36 737 2 681 365 235 965 616 641 1 060 852 206 575 4 898 083 16 452 607

 $<sup>^{\</sup>ast}$  Deficit/surplus according to the GFS 2001 methodology

November

**TABLE 20: GENERAL GOVERNMENT DEBT STOCK** 

		31.12. 20	002§	31.12. 20	003§	31.12. 2	004§	31.12. 2005	31.12. 2006§	31.12. 2	.007§	31.3. 20	08§	30.6. 20	)08§	30.9. 20	08§	31.12. 2008	8§ :	31.3. 2009	)§	30.6. 2009§	30.9. 2009§	31.10. 2009§	30.11. 2009§
		mil. HRK %	GDP	mil. HRK %	% GDP	mil. HRK %	6 GDP	mil. HRK % GD	P mil. HRK % GDP	mil. HRK	% GDP	mil. HRK %	GDP	mil. HRK %	6 GDP	mil. HRK %	GDP	mil. HRK % G	iDP i	mil. HRK % C	GDP	mil. HRK % GDP	mil. HRK % GDP	mil. HRK % GDP	mil. HRK % GDP
A.	Foreign debt (A1+A2+A3)	40 240.4	19.3	45 676.4	20.1	50 240.7	20.5	45 363.6 17.	41 660.5 14.5	39 658.2	12.6	29 622.1	8.7	29 097.5	8.5	28 849.7	8.4	30 286.8 8	8.9	27 089.4	8.2	29 710.3 9.0	29 817.2 9.0	29 582.2 8.9	37 467.1 11.3
	Central Government foreign debt	37 432.1	18.0	41 041.9	18.1	42 231.2	17.2	36 414.5 13.	32 556.6 11.4	29 424.0	9.4	28 123.3	8.2	27 559.9	8.1	27 340.2	8.0	28 459.4 8	8.3	25 287.0	7.6	27 917.8 8.4	28 104.7 8.5	27 898.6 8.4	35 741.1 10.8
	2. Foreign debt of Extrabudgetary Users	2 585.1	1.2	4 285.6	1.9	7 747.0	3.2	8 749.8 3.	8 938.2 3.1	10 186.7	3.2	1 456.8	0.4	1 501.5	0.4	1 479.1	0.4	1 800.3	0.5	1 779.7	0.5	1 774.2 0.5	1 698.8 0.5	1 669.7 0.5	1 712.2 0.5
	3. Local Government foreign debt	223.3	0.1	348.9	0.2	262.5	0.1	199.2 0.	165.7 0.1	47.5	0.0	42.0	0.0	36.1	0.0	30.4	0.0	27.1 (	0.0	22.6	0.0	18.2 0.0	13.8 0.0	13.8 0.0	13.8 0.0
В.	Domestic debt (B1+B2+B3)	32 391.1	15.6	35 697.0	15.7	42 714.7	17.4	56 121.2 21.	2 60 852.4 21.3	64 812.6	20.6	61 693.9	18.0	62 153.4	18.2	62 079.4	18.1	69 859.3 20	0.4	78 808.2 2	3.8	79 374.4 24.0	80 749.1 24.4	80 764.0 24.4	79 039.5 23.9
	Central Government domestic debt	23 426.7	11.3	28 242.9	12.4	37 364.0	15.2	50 840.7 19.	2 54 490.4 19.0	56 883.1	18.1	57 967.3	16.9	57 934.2	16.9	57 476.1	16.8	64 961.8 19	9.0	72 876.9 2.	2.0	73 517.0 22.2	75 075.8 22.7	75 184.1 22.7	73 286.7 22.1
	2. Domestic debt of Extrabudgetary Users	7 729.5	3.7	6 317.1	2.8	3 931.2	1.6	3 953.5 1.	5 198.0 1.8	6 357.8	2.0	2 215.2	0.6	2 518.6	0.7	2 909.5	0.9	3 035.0	0.9	4 055.7	1.2	3 916.8 1.2	3 752.9 1.1	3 659.5 1.1	3 832.4 1.2
	3. Local Government domestic debt	1 234.8	0.6	1 137.0	0.5	1 419.6	0.6	1 327.1 0.	5 1 164.1 0.4	1 571.7	0.5	1 511.3	0.4	1 700.6	0.5	1 693.7	0.5	1 862.5	0.5	1 875.6	0.6	1 940.5 0.6	1 920.4 0.6	1 920.4 0.6	1 920.4 0.6
C.	General Government total debt* ( C1+C2+C3)	72 631.5	34.9	81 373.4	35.8	92 955.4	37.9	101 484.8 38.	102 512.9 35.8	104 470.8	33.2	91 316.0	26.7	91 250.9	26.7	90 929.1	26.6	100 146.2 29	9.3 1	05 897.6 3	2.0 1	09 084.6 33.0	110 566.4 33.4	110 346.1 33.3	116 506.6 35.2
	Central Government total debt (A1+B1)	60 858.8	29.2	69 284.8	30.5	79 595.1	32.4	87 255.2 33.	87 047.0 30.4	86 307.1	27.5	86 090.6	25.2	85 494.1	25.0	84 816.3	24.8	93 421.2 27	7.3	98 163.9 2	9.7 1	01 434.8 30.6	103 180.5 31.2	103 082.7 31.1	109 027.8 32.9
	2. Total debt of Extrabudgetary Users (A2+B2)	10 314.6	5.0	10 602.7	4.7	11 678.2	4.8	12 703.2 4.	3 14 136.1 4.9	16 544.5	5.3	3 672.0	1.1	4 020.1	1.2	4 388.6	1.3	4 835.4 1	1.4	5 835.5	1.8	5 691.1 1.7	5 451.7 1.6	5 329.2 1.6	5 544.6 1.7
	3. Local Government total debt (A3+B3)	1 458.1	0.7	1 485.9	0.7	1 682.1	0.7	1 526.3 0.	5 1 329.8 0.5	1 619.3	0.5	1 553.4	0.5	1 736.7	0.5	1 724.2	0.5	1 889.6	0.6	1 898.3	0.6	1 958.7 0.6	1 934.2 0.6	1 934.2 0.6	1 934.2 0.6
	Total guarantees of the Republic of Croatia	16 079.2	7.7	15 419.2	6.8	12 262.3	5.0	12 455.1 4.	7 14 188.2 5.0	17 399.0	5.5	29 093.9	8.5	30 369.7	8.9	31 782.8	9.3	33 835.5	9.9	34 958.6 1	0.6	34 810.7 10.5	37 110.4 11.2	36 921.5 11.2	37 282.8 11.3
	Foreign guarantees	8 655.3	4.2	8 622.7	3.8	7 710.4	3.1	7 186.7 2.	6 935.9 2.4	9 531.2	3.0	18 369.9	5.4	19 406.4	5.7	20 646.8	6.0	21 388.3	6.3	21 681.3	6.6	21 632.3 6.5	23 511.8 7.1	23 240.0 7.0	22 643.4 6.8
	Domestic guarantees	7 423.8	3.6	6 796.5	3.0	4 551.9	1.9	5 268.5 2.	7 252.3 2.5	7 867.8	2.5	10 724.1	3.1	10 963.3	3.2	11 136.1	3.3	12 447.2	3.6	13 277.3	4.0	13 178.4 4.0	13 598.6 4.1	13 681.5 4.1	14 639.4 4.4
	Total debt of HBOR	3 824.8	1.8	4 925.3	2.2	5 841.5	2.4	7 139.4 2.	7 686.3 2.7	9 662.3	3.1	9 840.1	2.9	10 574.0	3.1	10 443.9	3.1	10 813.0	3.2	11 128.8	3.4	11 676.3 3.5	13 723.9 4.1	13 641.6 4.1	13 797.0 4.2
	Foreign debt of HBOR	3 382.5	1.6	4 597.3	2.0	5 459.3	2.2	6 605.1 2.	7 338.8 2.6	9 471.5	3.0	9 666.4	2.8	10 005.6	2.9	10 285.1	3.0	10 005.1 2	2.9	10 466.0	3.2	11 032.4 3.3	13 077.0 4.0	12 999.2 3.9	13 145.5 4.0
	Domestic debt of HBOR	442.3	0.2	328.1	0.1	382.2	0.2	534.2 0.	347.5 0.1	190.7	0.1	173.6	0.1	568.4	0.2	158.8	0.0	807.9	0.2	662.8	0.2	643.9 0.2	646.8 0.2	642.4 0.2	651.6 0.2

# PUBLIC DEBT1 AT THE END OF NOVEMBER 2009

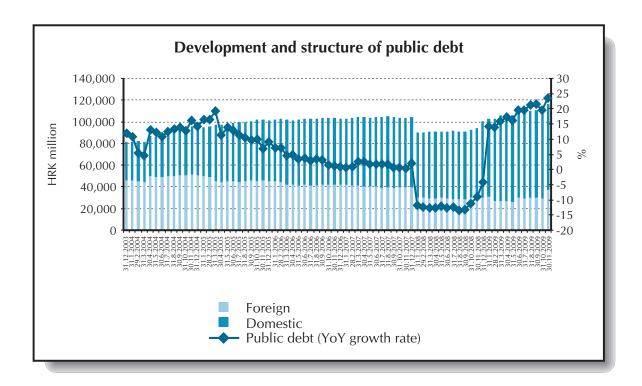
Public debt of the Republic of Croatia increased by HRK 6.2 billion in November 2009 in comparison to October 2009. The share of public debt in GDP stood at the level of 35.2 percent in November 2009. The foreign component of public debt increased by HRK 7.9 billion due to an increase of the foreign debt of Central Government and the foreign debt of Extrabudgetary Users in comparison to October 2009. The domestic component of the total public debt recorded the decrease compared to the previous month's stock in the amount of HRK 1.7 billion as a result of the decrease of the Central Government domestic debt.

As per government level, the largest part of the public debt refers to the Central Government (HRK 109 billion), the debt of Extrabudgetary Users amounted to HRK 5.5 billion while the debt of the Local Government amounted to HRK 1.9 billion. The Central Government is mostly financed on the domestic market. Therefore, its domestic component recorded a share of 67.2 percent in the total Central Government debt. The Local

Government has also been mostly financed domestically, recording a 99.3 percent of its domestic component in the total Local Government debt. Also, domestic component, with a share of 69.1 percent prevails in the debt of Extrabudgetary Users.

Total guarantees issued by the Republic of Croatia in November 2009 increased by HRK 361.3 million in comparison to October 2009, as a result of an increase of domestic guarantees, and recorded a level of 11.3 percent of GDP. Foreign guarantees account for 60.7 percent of total guarantees of the Republic of Croatia.

The total debt of the HBOR in November 2009 amounted to HRK 13.8 billion and 4.2 percent of GDP. This is almost entirely the result of foreign borrowings, since 95.3 percent of the total debt of the HBOR refers to its foreign component. In comparison to October 2009, the total debt of the HBOR increased by HRK 155.4 million, as a result of an increase in its domestic and foreign component.



November

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> According to the new Budget Act (OG, No. 87/08), public debt is defined as the debt of the General budget.

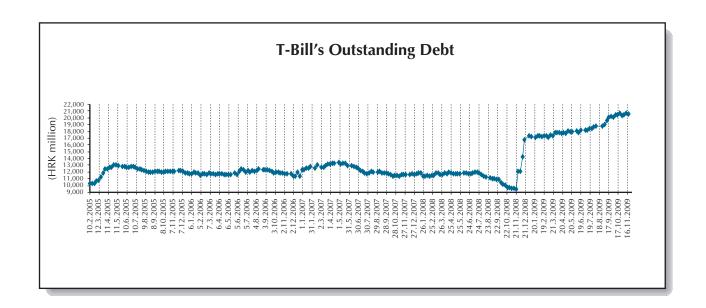
# TABLE 21: CONSOLIDATED CENTRAL GOVERNMENT DOMESTIC DEBT DOMESTIC DEBT STOCK IN 000 (30 NOVEMBER 2009)

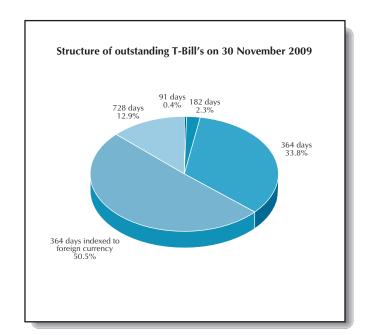
Big Broads - Series II         HBK         2 140 1076         2 140 1076         2011         5.00%           Big Broads - Series III         FUR         22 281         163 1657         2011         7.20%           Bonds - Series III         FUR         25 979         190 106         2012         2.20%           Bonds - Series 03 D-12         FUR         550 000         3 658 805         2012         6.875%           Bonds - Series 03 D-14         FUR         650 000         4 756 447         2014         5.50%           Bonds - Series 03 D-14         FUR         300 000         3 658 805         2019         5.375%           Bonds - Series 03 D-10         HBK         3 000 000         2 561 164         2015         4.25%           Bonds - Series 10 D-15         HBK         5 500 000         2 561 164         2015         4.25%           Bonds - Series 11 D-13         HBK         4 000 000         4 000 000         2013         4.50%           Bonds - Series 12 D-17         HBK         5 500 000         5 500 000         2017         4.75%           BRA Bonds IV         FUR         9 809         77.777         2012         5.00%           Syndicated FX loan I         FUR         3 600 000 <td< th=""><th>Debt item:</th><th>Currency</th><th>Stock</th><th>Stock / HRK:</th><th>Maturity:</th><th>Interest rate:</th></td<>	Debt item:	Currency	Stock	Stock / HRK:	Maturity:	Interest rate:
Fig Roads - Series III   Fig   25 979   190 106   2012   7.20%	Big Bonds - Series I	HRK	2 140 826	2 140 826	2011	5.00%
Bonds - Series 03 D-12   EUR   \$00 000   \$3 658 805   2012   6.875%	Big Bonds - Series II	EUR	22 283	163 057	2011	7.20%
Bonds - Series 05 D-14	Big Bonds - Series III	EUR	25 979	190 106	2012	7.20%
Bonds - Series 07 D-19	Bonds - Series 03 D-12	EUR	500 000	3 658 805	2012	6.875%
Bonds - Series 08 D-10         HRK         3 000 000         3 000 000         2010         6.75%           Bonds - Series 09 D-15         EUR         350 000         2 561 164         2015         4.25%           Bonds - Series 10 D-15         HRK         5 500 000         5 500 000         2015         5.25%           Bonds - Series 11 D-13         HRK         4 000 000         4 000 000         2013         4.50%           Bonds - Series 12 D-17         HRK         5 500 000         5 500 000         2017         4.75%           BRA Bonds II         EUR         9 809         71 777         2012         5.00%           BRA Bonds III         EUR         26 938         197 124         2012         7.20%           Syndicated FX loan I         EUR         300 000         3 658 805         2010         5.45%           Syndicated FX loan II         EUR         760 000         5 561 384         2010         6.90%           Medium and long term debt           Treasury Bills         HRK         10 185 000         10 185 000         6.90%           Cher hort-term debt         HRK         362 250         362 250         362 250	Bonds - Series 05 D-14	EUR	650 000	4 756 447	2014	5.50%
Bonds - Series 09 D-13         EUR         350 000         2 561 164         2015         4.25%           Bonds - Series 10 D-15         HRK         5 500 000         5 500 000         2015         5.25%           Bonds - Series 11 D-13         HRK         4 000 000         4 000 000         2013         4.50%           Bonds - Series 12 D-17         HRK         5 500 000         5 500 000         2017         4.75%           BRA Bonds II         EUR         9 809         71 777         2012         5.00%           BRA Bonds III         EUR         26 938         197 124         2012         7.20%           Syndicated EX loan I         EUR         13 427         98 252         2012         5.00%           Syndicated EX loan II         EUR         760 000         3 658 805         2010         5.45%           Syndicated EX loan III         EUR         750 000         5 488 208         2010         6.90%           Medium and long term debt           Treasury Bills         HRK         10 185 000         10 185 000         6.90%           Chher short-term debt         HRK         362 250         362 250         4.71%         4.71%           Short-term debt         HRK	Bonds - Series 07 D-19	EUR	500 000	3 658 805	2019	5.375%
Bonds - Series 10 D-15         HRK         5 500 000         5 500 000         2015         5.25%           Bonds - Series 11 D-13         HRK         4 000 000         4 000 000         2013         4.50%           Bonds - Series 12 D-17         HRK         5 500 000         5 500 000         2017         4.75%           BRA Bonds II         EUR         9 809         71 777         2012         5.00%           BRA Bonds III         EUR         26 938         197 124         2012         7.20%           BRA Bonds IV         EUR         13 427         98 252         2012         5.00%           Syndicated FX loan II         EUR         760 000         3 658 805         2010         5.45%           Syndicated FX loan III         EUR         750 000         5 486 208         2010         6.90%           Medium and long term debt           Treasury Bills         HRK         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 407 815           Other short-term debt         HRK         362 250         362 250         362 250	Bonds - Series 08 D-10	HRK	3 000 000	3 000 000	2010	6.75%
Bonds - Series 11 D-13         HRK         4 000 000         4 000 000         2013         4.50%           Bonds - Series 12 D-17         HRK         5 500 000         5 500 000         2017         4.75%           BRA Bonds II         EUR         9 809         71 777         2012         5.00%           BRA Bonds III         EUR         26 938         197 124         2012         7.20%           BRA Bonds IV         EUR         13 427         98 252         2012         5.00%           Syndicated FX loan I         EUR         500 000         3 658 805         2010         5.45%           Syndicated FX loan III         EUR         750 000         5 561 384         2010         4.71%           Syndicated FX loan III         EUR         750 000         5 488 208         2010         6.90%           Medium and long term debt           Treasury Bills         HRK         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000         10	Bonds - Series 09 D-15	EUR	350 000	2 561 164	2015	4.25%
Bonds - Series 12 D-17         HRK         5 500 000         5 500 000         2017         4.75%           BRA Bonds II         EUR         9 809         71 777         2012         5.00%           BRA Bonds III         EUR         26 938         197 124         2012         7.20%           BRA Bonds IV         EUR         13 427         98 252         2012         5.00%           Syndicated FX loan I         EUR         500 000         3 658 805         2010         5.45%           Syndicated FX loan II         EUR         760 000         5 561 384         2010         4.71%           Syndicated FX loan III         EUR         750 000         5 488 208         2010         6.90%           Medium and long term debt           Treasury Bills         HRK         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 185 000           EUR         1 422 297         10 407 815         10 407 815         10 407 815         10 407 815           Short-term debt         HRK         362 250         362 250         362 250         362 250	Bonds - Series 10 D-15	HRK	5 500 000	5 500 000	2015	5.25%
BRA Bonds II         EUR         9 809         71 777         2012         5,00%           BRA Bonds III         EUR         26 938         197 124         2012         7,20%           BRA Bonds IV         EUR         13 427         98 252         2012         5,00%           Syndicated FX loan I         EUR         500 000         3 658 805         2010         5,45%           Syndicated FX loan II         EUR         760 000         5 561 384         2010         4,71%           Syndicated FX loan III         EUR         750 000         5 488 208         2010         6,90%           Medium and long term debt         HRK         10 185 000         10 185 000         6,90%           Treasury Bills         HRK         10 185 000         10 407 815         10 407 815           Other short-term debt         HRK         362 250         362 250	Bonds - Series 11 D-13	HRK	4 000 000	4 000 000	2013	4.50%
BRA Bonds III       EUR       26 938       197 124       2012       7.20%         BRA Bonds IV       EUR       13 427       98 252       2012       5.00%         Syndicated FX loan I       EUR       500 000       3 658 805       2010       5.45%         Syndicated FX loan III       EUR       760 000       5 561 384       2010       4.71%         Syndicated FX loan III       EUR       750 000       5 488 208       2010       6.90%         Medium and long term debt         Treasury Bills       HRK       10 185 000 EUR       10 185 000 10 407 815       10 407 815         Other short-term debt       HRK       362 250       362 250       362 250	Bonds - Series 12 D-17	HRK	5 500 000	5 500 000	2017	4.75%
BRA Bonds IV       EUR       13 427       98 252       2012       5.00%         Syndicated FX loan II       EUR       500 000       3 658 805       2010       5.45%         Syndicated FX loan III       EUR       760 000       5 561 384       2010       4.71%         Syndicated FX loan III       EUR       750 000       5 488 208       2010       6.90%         Medium and long term debt         Treasury Bills       HRK       10 185 000 EUR       10 185 000 1 407 815       10 407 815         Other short-term debt       HRK       362 250       362 250         Short-term debt       20 955 065	BRA Bonds II	EUR	9 809	71 777	2012	5.00%
Syndicated FX loan I         EUR         500 000         3 658 805         2010         5.45%           Syndicated FX loan III         EUR         760 000         5 561 384         2010         4.71%           Syndicated FX loan III         EUR         750 000         5 488 208         2010         6.90%           Medium and long term debt         50 204 759           Treasury Bills         HRK         10 185 000         10 185 000         10 407 815           Other short-term debt         HRK         362 250         362 250           Short-term debt         20 955 065         20 955 065	BRA Bonds III	EUR	26 938	197 124	2012	7.20%
Syndicated FX loan II       EUR       760 000       5 561 384       2010       4.71%         Syndicated FX loan III       EUR       750 000       5 488 208       2010       6.90%         Medium and long term debt         Treasury Bills       HRK       10 185 000       10 185 000         EUR       1 422 297       10 407 815         Other short-term debt       HRK       362 250       362 250         Short-term debt       20 955 065	BRA Bonds IV	EUR	13 427	98 252	2012	5.00%
Syndicated FX loan III         EUR         750 000         5 488 208         2010         6.90%           Medium and long term debt         50 204 759           Treasury Bills         HRK         10 185 000         10 185 000         EUR         1 422 297         10 407 815	Syndicated FX loan I	EUR	500 000	3 658 805	2010	5.45%
Medium and long term debt         50 204 759           Treasury Bills         HRK         10 185 000         10 185 000           EUR         1 422 297         10 407 815           Other short-term debt         HRK         362 250         362 250           Short-term debt         20 955 065	Syndicated FX loan II	EUR	760 000	5 561 384	2010	4.71%
Treasury Bills       HRK       10 185 000       10 185 000         EUR       1 422 297       10 407 815         Other short-term debt       HRK       362 250       362 250         Short-term debt       20 955 065	Syndicated FX loan III	EUR	750 000	5 488 208	2010	6.90%
EUR       1 422 297       10 407 815         Other short-term debt       HRK       362 250       362 250         Short-term debt       20 955 065	Medium and long term debt			50 204 759		
Short-term debt 20 955 065	Treasury Bills					
	Other short-term debt	HRK	362 250	362 250		
Total debt 71 159 823	Short-term debt			20 955 065		
	Total debt			71 159 823		

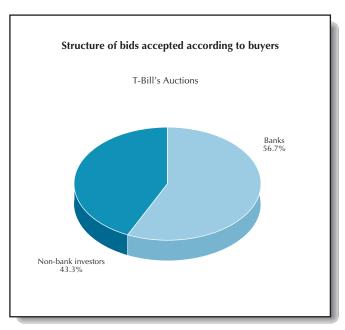


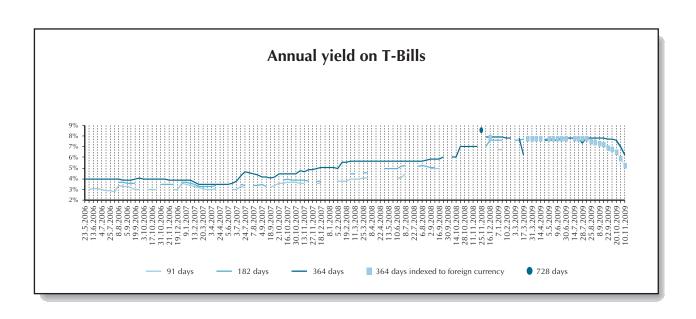
# TABLE 22: RESULTS OF TREASURY BILL'S AUCTIONS HELD BY THE MINISTRY OF FINANCE

Part	(000 HRK)			91 days				182 days				364 days				364 days			728 days	
16.12.2008			bids received	of the bids received (HRK) / Yielding	allocation per 100 HRK (HRK) /		bids received	of the bids received (HRK) / Yielding	allocation per 100 HRK (HRK) /		bids received	of the bids received (HRK) / Yielding	allocation per 100 HRK (HRK) /		bids received	of the bids received (EUR) / Yielding	allocation per 100 EUR (EUR) /	bids received	of the bids received (HRK) / Yielding	Uniform price allocation per 100 HRK (HRK) / Yielding (%)
\$\frac{1}{1}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\frac{1}{2}\fr	9.12.2008					300 000	300 000	96.627 / 7.00%	96.627 / 7.00%	2 458 000	2 458 000	92.729 / 7.86%	92.654 / 7.95%							
7.12009 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100 100	16.12.2008					673 000	673 000	96.357 / 7.58%	96.349 / 7.60%	110 000	110 000	92.774 / 7.81%	92.660 / 7.94%	296 292	296 292	92.686 / 7.91%	92.654 / 7.95%			
121200   101200   1	30.12.2008					267 000	267 000	96.351 / 7.60%	96.349 / 7.60%	777 000	787 000	92.669 / 7.93%	92.654 / 7.95%							
102.2009	7.1.2009	100 000	100 000	98.345 / 6.75%	98.345 / 6.75%	27 000	27 000	96.349 / 7.60%	96.349 / 7.60%	173 000	173 000	92.688 / 7.91%	92.654 / 7.95%							
17.2009   50 000   50 000   93.45   6.75%   94.45   76.07%   95.000   50 000   96.449   76.07%   96.349   77.07%   2000   90.000   92.007   77.75%   92.733   73.00%   15.734   93.014   73.00%   92.733   73.00%   93.000	27.1.2009	50 000	50 000	98.345 / 6.75%	98.345 / 6.75%	50 000	50 000	96.349 / 7.60%	96.349 / 7.60%	137 000	137 000	92.773 / 7.81%	92.654 / 7.95%							
10.3.2009	10.2.2009									104 000	104 000	92.803 / 7.78%	92.783 / 7.80%							
10.32009 600 000 600 000 98.149/7.66% 98.149/7.66% 98.149/7.66% 96.00 96.349/7.66% 96.349/7.66% 99.000 90.00 92.007/7.7% 92.783/7.80% 94.177/6.20% 9	17.2.2009	50 000	50 000	98.345 / 6.75%	98.345 / 6.75%					110 000	110 000	92.791 / 7.79%	92.783 / 7.80%							
17.3.2009	3.3.2009					30 000	30 000	96.349 / 7.60%	96.349 / 7.60%											
243.2009   157.000   157.0	10.3.2009	600 000	600 000	98.140 / 7.60%	98.140 / 7.60%	50 000	50 000	96.349 / 7.60%	96.349 / 7.60%	90 000	90 000	92.807 / 7.77%	92.783 / 7.80%							
313.2009 7.4	17.3.2009					50 000	50 000	96.279 / 7.75%	96.279 / 7.75%	2 000	2 000	94.177 / 6.20%	94.177 / 6.20%							
7.4.2009	24.3.2009													105 710	115 734	93.014 / 7.53%	92.783 / 7.80%			
14.4.2009   30.000   30.000   98.156/7.54%   98.140/7.60%   201.000   201.000   96.320/7.66%   96.303/7.70%   201.000   201.000   90.000   201.000   90.000   201.000   90.000   201.000   90.000   201.000   90.000   201.000   90.000   201.000   90.000   201.000   90.000   201.000   90.000   201.0	31.3.2009													53 000	54 300	92.834 / 7.74%	92.783 / 7.80%			
1.4.2009   30 000   30 000   30 000   30 000   30 1000	7.4.2009					10 000	10 000	96.396 / 7.50%	96.396 / 7.50%	208 000	208 000	92.843 / 7.73%	92.783 / 7.80%	22 850	22 850	92.948 / 7.61%	92.783 / 7.80%			
5.5.2009	14.4.2009													24 550	24 550	92.823 / 7.75%	92.783 / 7.80%			
26.2009	21.4.2009	30 000	30 000	98.156 / 7.54%	98.140 / 7.60%	201 000	201 000	96.320 / 7.66%	96.303 / 7.70%	9 000	9 000	93.012 / 7.53%	92.955 / 7.60%							
9.6.2009 40 000 40 000 98.140/7.60% 98.140/7.60% 98.140/7.60% 32 000 327 000 96.305/7.69% 96.305/7.69% 96.305/7.69% 160 000 160 000 92.966/7.59% 92.955/7.60% 71 150 74 150 92.876/7.69% 92.783/7.80% 71 000 99 91 92.888/7.68% 92.783/7.80% 93.6.2009 92 000 92 000 98.153/7.55% 98.140/7.60% 98.140/7.60% 98.153/7.55% 98.140/7.60% 98.153/7.55% 98.140/7.60% 98.153/7.55% 98.140/7.60% 98.153/7.55% 98.140/7.60% 98.153/7.55% 98.140/7.60% 98.153/7.55% 98.140/7.60% 98.153/7.55% 98.140/7.60% 98.153/7.55% 98.140/7.60% 98.153/7.55% 98.140/7.60% 99.100 99.100 99.15 92.888/7.68% 92.783/7.80% 92.783/7.8	5.5.2009					102 000	102 000	96.305 / 7.69%	96.303 / 7.70%	124 000	124 000	92.963 / 7.59%	92.955 / 7.60%	66 493	66 493	92.857 / 7.71%	92.783 / 7.80%			
16.6.2009 7 000 7 000 98.140/7.60% 98.140/7.60% 32 000 327 000 96.305/7.69% 96.303/7.70% 168 000 168 000 92.783/7.80% 92.783/7.80% 92.783/7.80% 30 902 30 902 92.882/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 30 902 30 902 92.882/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 30 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 30 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 30 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 30 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 30 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 30 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 30 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 30 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 30 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 31 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 31 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 31 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 31 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 31 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 31 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 31 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 31 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 31 902 30 902 92.832/7.44% 92.783/7.80% 32 92.783/7.80% 32 92.783/7.80% 32 92.783/7.80% 32 92.783/7.80% 32 92.783/7.80% 92.783/7	2.6.2009					10 000	10 000	96.303 / 7.70%	96.303 / 7.70%	216 000	216 000	92.983 / 7.57%	92.954 / 7.60%	75 000	102 263	92.913 / 7.65%	92.783 / 7.80%			
30.6.2009 92.000 92.000 98.153/7.55% 98.140/7.60% 110 000 110 000 92.783/7.80% 92.783/7.80% 30.902 30.902 92.832/7.74% 92.783/7.80% 77.2009 104.000 104.000 104.000 92.884/7.68% 92.783/7.80% 92.783/7.80% 110.000 104.000 92.783/7.80% 92.783/7.80% 110.000 100 92.783/7.80% 92.783/7.80% 110.000 100 92.783/7.80% 110.000 10.000 92.783/7.80% 11	9.6.2009	400 000	400 000	98.140 / 7.60%	98.140 / 7.60%					160 000	160 000	92.966 / 7.59%	92.955 / 7.60%	71 150	74 150	92.876 / 7.69%	92.783 / 7.80%			
7.7.2009       104 000       104 000       92.884/7.68%       92.783/7.80%       31 367       31 367       92.828/7.75%       92.783/7.80%         14.7.2009       170 000       170 000       92.783/7.80%       92.783/7.80%       31 367       31 367       92.828/7.75%       92.783/7.80%         21.7.2009       17 000       17 000       92.783/7.80%       92.783/7.80%       31 769       31 769       92.686/7.70%       92.783/7.80%         28.7.2009       10 000       10 000       93.214/7.30%       93.214/7.30%       69 499       69 499       92.484/7.72%       92.783/7.80%         4.8.2009       160 000       160 000       140 000       92.783/7.80%       22.783/7.80%       21 034       67 932       92.783/7.80%       92.783/7.80%         1.9.2009       162 000       162 000       93.905/6.51%       92.783/7.80%       21 034       67 932       92.873/7.70%       93.127/7.40%         8.9.2009       162 000       333 000       333 000       92.847/7.73%       92.783/7.80%       134 192       192 828       93.238/7.27%       93.171/7.35%         15.9.2009       285 000       285 000       92.899/7.77%       92.783/7.80%       60 825       141 742       93.269/7.24%       93.300/7.20%         22.9.2	16.6.2009	7 000	7 000	98.140 / 7.60%	98.140 / 7.60%	320 000	327 000	96.305 / 7.69%	96.303 / 7.70%	168 000	168 000	92.783 / 7.80%	92.783 / 7.80%	71 000	99 915	92.888 / 7.68%	92.783 / 7.80%			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	30.6.2009	92 000	92 000	98.153 / 7.55%	98.140 / 7.60%					110 000	110 000	92.783 / 7.80%	92.783 / 7.80%	30 902	30 902	92.832 / 7.74%	92.783 / 7.80%			
$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	7.7.2009									104 000	104 000	92.884 / 7.68%	92.783 / 7.80%							
28.7.2009       10 000       10 000       93.214/7.30%       93.214/7.30%       69 499       69 499       92.841/7.73%       92.783/7.80%         4.8.2009       160 000       160 000       160 000       92.783/7.80%       28 006       29 006       92.849/7.72%       92.783/7.80%         25.8.2009       140 000       140 000       140 000       92.783/7.80%       21 034       67 932       92.873/7.70%       93.041/7.50%         1.9.2009       162 000       93.905/6.51%       92.783/7.80%       43 637       61 065       93.199/7.32%       93.127/7.40%         8.9.2009       333 000       333 000       92.847/7.73%       92.783/7.80%       134 192       192 828       93.238/7.27%       93.171/7.35%         15.9.2009       285 000       285 000       92.809/7.77%       92.783/7.80%       60 825       141 742       93.269/7.24%       93.300/7.20%         22.9.2009       131 000       403 000       92.812/7.77%       92.869/7.70%       36 300       65 340       93.491/6.98%       93.518/6.95%	14.7.2009									170 000	170 000	92.783 / 7.80%	92.783 / 7.80%	31 367	31 367	92.828 / 7.75%	92.783 / 7.80%			
4.8.2009       160 000       160 000       92.783/7.80%       92.783/7.80%       28 006       29 006       92.849/7.72%       92.783/7.80%         25.8.2009       140 000       140 000       92.783/7.80%       92.783/7.80%       21 034       67 932       92.873/7.70%       93.041/7.50%         1.9.2009       162 000       162 000       93.905/6.51%       92.783/7.80%       43 637       61 065       93.199/7.32%       93.127/7.40%         8.9.2009       333 000       92.847/7.73%       92.783/7.80%       134 192       192 828       93.238/7.27%       93.171/7.35%         15.9.2009       285 000       92.809/7.77%       92.783/7.80%       60 825       141 742       93.269/7.24%       93.300/7.20%         22.9.2009       131 000       403 000       92.812/7.77%       92.869/7.70%       36 300       65 340       93.491/6.98%       93.518/6.95%	21.7.2009									17 000	17 000	92.783 / 7.80%	92.783 / 7.80%	31 769	31 769	92.868 / 7.70%	92.783 / 7.80%			
25.8.2009       140 000       140 000       92.783/7.80%       92.783/7.80%       21 034       67 932       92.873/7.70%       93.041/7.50%         1.9.2009       162 000       162 000       93.905/6.51%       92.783/7.80%       43 637       61 065       93.199/7.32%       93.127/7.40%         8.9.2009       333 000       92.847/7.73%       92.783/7.80%       134 192       192 828       93.238/7.27%       93.171/7.35%         15.9.2009       285 000       92.809/7.77%       92.809/7.77%       92.783/7.80%       60 825       141 742       93.269/7.24%       93.300/7.20%         22.9.2009       131 000       403 000       92.812/7.77%       92.869/7.70%       36 300       65 340       93.491/6.98%       93.518/6.95%	28.7.2009									10 000	10 000	93.214 / 7.30%	93.214 / 7.30%	69 499	69 499	92.841 / 7.73%	92.783 / 7.80%			
1.9.2009       162 000       162 000       93.905/6.51%       92.783/7.80%       43 637       61 065       93.199/7.32%       93.127/7.40%         8.9.2009       333 000       92.847/7.73%       92.783/7.80%       134 192       192 828       93.238/7.27%       93.171/7.35%         15.9.2009       285 000       92.809/7.77%       92.89/7.77%       92.783/7.80%       60 825       141 742       93.269/7.24%       93.300/7.20%         22.9.2009       131 000       403 000       92.812/7.77%       92.869/7.70%       36 300       65 340       93.491/6.98%       93.518/6.95%	4.8.2009									160 000	160 000	92.783 / 7.80%	92.783 / 7.80%	28 006	29 006	92.849 / 7.72%	92.783 / 7.80%			
8.9.2009       333 000       333 000       92.847/7.73%       92.783/7.80%       134 192       192 828       93.238/7.27%       93.171/7.35%         15.9.2009       285 000       285 000       92.809/7.77%       92.883/7.80%       60 825       141 742       93.269/7.24%       93.300/7.20%         22.9.2009       131 000       403 000       92.812/7.77%       92.869/7.70%       36 300       65 340       93.491/6.98%       93.518/6.95%	25.8.2009									140 000	140 000	92.783 / 7.80%	92.783 / 7.80%	21 034	67 932	92.873 / 7.70%	93.041 / 7.50%			
15.9.2009       285 000       285 000       92.809/7.77%       92.783/7.80%       60 825       141 742       93.269/7.24%       93.300/7.20%         22.9.2009       131 000       403 000       92.812/7.77%       92.869/7.70%       36 300       65 340       93.491/6.98%       93.518/6.95%	1.9.2009									162 000	162 000	93.905 / 6.51%	92.783 / 7.80%	43 637	61 065	93.199 / 7.32%	93.127 / 7.40%			
22.9.2009 131 000 403 000 92.812/7.77% 92.869/7.70% 36 300 65 340 93.491/6.98% 93.518/6.95%	8.9.2009									333 000	333 000	92.847 / 7.73%	92.783 / 7.80%	134 192	192 828	93.238 / 7.27%	93.171 / 7.35%			
	15.9.2009									285 000	285 000	92.809 / 7.77%	92.783 / 7.80%	60 825	141 742	93.269 / 7.24%	93.300 / 7.20%			
	22.9.2009									131 000	403 000	92.812 / 7.77%	92.869 / 7.70%	36 300	65 340	93.491 / 6.98%	93.518 / 6.95%			
6.10.2009 58 000 108 000 92.905/7.66% 92.869/7.70% 59 521 125 921 93.662/6.79% 93.649/6.80%	6.10.2009									58 000	108 000	92.905 / 7.66%	92.869 / 7.70%	59 521	125 921	93.662 / 6.79%	93.649 / 6.80%			
20.10.2009 27 000 107 000 98.150/7.56% 98.164/7.50% 110 000 215 000 96.385/7.52% 96.395/7.50% 201 000 427 000 92.977/7.57% 92.955/7.60% 42 200 81 200 93.844/6.58% 93.912/6.50%	20.10.2009	27 000	107 000	98.150 / 7.56%	98.164 / 7.50%	110 000	215 000	96.385 / 7.52%	96.395 / 7.50%	201 000	427 000	92.977 / 7.57%	92.955 / 7.60%	42 200	81 200	93.844 / 6.58%	93.912 / 6.50%			
$3.11.2009 \qquad 25\ 000 \qquad 397\ 000 \qquad 98.215/7.29\% \qquad 98.309/6.90\% \qquad 20\ 000 \qquad 402\ 000 \qquad 96.481/7.31\% \qquad 96.627/7.00\% \qquad 107\ 000 \qquad 652\ 000 \qquad 93.191/7.33\% \qquad 93.475/7.00\% \qquad 22\ 000 \qquad 165\ 730 \qquad 94.257/6.11\% \qquad 94.443/5.90\%$	3.11.2009	25 000	397 000	98.215 / 7.29%	98.309 / 6.90%	20 000	402 000	96.481 / 7.31%	96.627 / 7.00%	107 000	652 000	93.191 / 7.33%	93.475 / 7.00%	22 000	165 730	94.257 / 6.11%	94.443 / 5.90%			
$10.11.2009 \qquad 40\ 000 \qquad 418\ 000 \qquad 98.417/6.45\% \qquad 98.466/6.25\% \qquad 21\ 000 \qquad 228\ 000 \qquad 96.887/6.44\% \qquad 97.001/6.20\% \qquad 125\ 000 \qquad 722\ 000 \qquad 93.982/6.42\% \qquad 94.177/6.20\% \qquad 25\ 000 \qquad 123\ 660 \qquad 94.801/5.50\% \qquad 95.025/5.25\%$	10.11.2009	40 000	418 000	98.417 / 6.45%	98.466 / 6.25%	21 000	228 000	96.887 / 6.44%	97.001 / 6.20%	125 000	722 000	93.982 / 6.42%	94.177 / 6.20%	25 000	123 660	94.801 / 5.50%	95.025 / 5.25%			











## NOTES ON METHODOLOGY

#### **CROLEI Index**

Based on the so-called leading indicators, the Economic Institute in Zagreb and the Ministry of Finance compile the **CROLEI** (**CROatian Leading Economic Indicator**), a composite forecast index created in accordance with the methodology of the National Bureau of Economic Research in the United States. The index predicts standard economic cycles as well as economic growth cycles in Croatia using the industrial production volume index as the reference series. In November of 2007, a thorough revision of the system of indicators, methodological procedures and CROLEI index itself took place.

The new revised index combines seven best-performing leading indicators, whose average prognostic power has increased significantly compared to the previous index, with an average prediction time of eight months in relation to the referent series. The revised index includes three components of the previous prognostic measure indicating the reliability of the method of indicators. According to the standards of the method, this represents a very stable and highly significant relation between the indicator and the referent series, which greatly helps the overall economic activity forecasting. The seven leading indicators included in the calculation of the new CROLEI index are: unemployment benefits beneficiaries, retail trade turnover, producers' price indices in the EU-25, unconsolidated budget revenues, total cash of participants in the payment system, loans to households and cash market interest rate on kuna credits not indexed to foreign currency.

In addition to CROLEI, the diffusive index is compiled as well and it is compatible with CROLEI. Its trend efficiently predicts changes in the trend of the economy.

## General note for the tables from 2 to 19:

The data are on the cash basis.

#### **Table 2: Budgetary Central Government Revenues**

(Budgetary Central Government according to the GFS 2001 methodology is equivalent to the State Budget in terms of the Budget Act ("Official Gazette" 87/2008).

**Budgetary Central Government revenue (1),** according to the International Monetary Fund's GFS 2001 methodology (Government Finance Statistics), is an increase in net worth resulting from a financial transaction in relation to Government. According to this methodology, Budgetary Central Government revenues are composed of main categories as follows: taxes (11), social contributions (12), grants (13) and other revenue (14).

Taxes (11) are compulsory transfers to the Government sector, composed of following categories:

- Taxes on income, profits and capital gains (111) are attributed either to individuals (1111) who pay income tax or to corporations and other enterprises (1112) that pay profit tax. In cases when the information needed to determine to which of the mentioned categories taxes should be attributed is not available, the taxes are treated as not allocable (1113).
- Taxes on payroll and workforce (112) consist of taxes that are collected from employers or self-employed persons, either as a proportion of payroll size or as a fixed amount per person, and are not earmarked for social security schemes. Since this category doesn't exist in the tax system of the Republic of Croatia, it is not published in the report on Budgetary Central Government Revenues.
- Taxes on property (113) include taxes on the use, ownership or transfer of wealth. According to GFS 2001 methodology, it encompasses recurrent taxes on immovable property (1131), recurrent taxes on estate, inheritance and gifts (1133) as well as taxes on financial and capital transactions (1134). In the report on Budgetary Central Government Revenues, this category consists only of taxes on property.
- Taxes on goods and services (114) include all taxes levied on the production, extraction, sale, transfer, leasing or delivery of goods and rendering of services. Taxes on goods and services include: general taxes on goods and services (1141) that are divided into value added tax (11411), sales tax (11412) and turnover and other general taxes on goods and services (11413); excises (1142); profits on fiscal monopolies (1143); taxes on specific services (1144); taxes on use of goods and on permission to use goods or perform activities (1145); and other taxes on goods and services (1146). Taxes on specific services (1144) include all taxes levied on payments for specific services, such as taxes on transport charges, insurance premiums, banking services, entertainment and advertising charges. Taxes on use of goods and on permission to use goods or perform activities (1145) include various business and professional licences.
- Taxes on international trade and transactions (115) include customs and other import duties collected on goods entering the country or services delivered by non-residents to residents. This item also includes taxes on exports, profits on export or import monopolies, exchange profits, exchange taxes and other taxes on international trade and transactions.
- Other taxes (116) cover revenue from taxes levied predominantly on bases other than those described under previous tax headings. It also includes revenue from unidentified taxes that can't be classified in one of the mentioned tax categories.

Social contributions (12), within the tax system of the Republic of Croatia, encompass relevant contributions to social security schemes (121), which are classified according to source of contribution as follows:

- Employee contributions (1211) are either paid directly by employees or are deducted from employees' wages and salaries and transferred on their behalf by the employer.
- Employer contributions (1212) are paid directly by employers on behalf of their employees.
- Self-employed or non-employed contributions (1213) are paid by contributors who are not employees.
- *Unallocable contributions (1214)* are those contributions whose source cannot be determined (For 2002, most data in the table falls into this category because at the time the same contributions were paid partly by the employee and partly by the employer and it was impossible to separate the two).

Grants (13) are non-compulsory current or capital transfers received by a government unit from other general government units, foreign governments or international organization.

November

Other revenues (14) are composed of property income (141), sales of goods and services (142), fines, penalties and forfeits (143), voluntary transfers other then grants (144) and miscellaneous and unidentified revenue (145).

Property income (141) includes a variety of forms of revenue that government units earn from financial and/or nonproduced assets that they own: interest (1411), dividends (1412), withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations (1413), property income from insurance policyholders (1414) and rent (1415), which is property income received from the lease of land and other naturally occurring assets. Revenues from sales of goods and services (142) refer to sales by market establishments (1421) owned by government which carry out only a single productive activity or the principal productive activity accounts for most of the value added; then administrative fees (1422) and incidental sales by non-market establishments (1423).

Voluntary transfers other then grants (144) include gifts and voluntary donations from individuals, private non-profit institutions, nongovernmental foundations, corporations and any other source other than governments and international organizations.

As of 1st of July 2001, Budgetary Central Government revenues include pension insurance contributions, which were, prior to that revenue of the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance. Also, as of 1st of January 2002, health insurance contributions and employment contributions, which were prior to that revenues of the Croatian Employment Service and the Croatian Health Insurance Institute, are included in the Budgetary Central Government. All mentioned revenues are classified according to the GFS 2001 methodology.

By the end of 2001, two new extra-budgetary funds were founded: the Regional Development Fund as well as the Development and Employment Fund. They took over some of the Budgetary Central Government activities as well as the receipts from privatisation of public enterprises. As of 1<sup>st</sup> of January 2003, these funds have been included in the coverage of the Budgetary Central Government.

Since 2007 all the transactions of the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance, the Croatian Health Insurance Institute and the Croatian Employment Service) have been included in the Budgetary Central Government.

# **Table 3: Budgetary Central Government Expense**

**Budgetary Central Government Expense (2)** is, according to the International Monetary Fund's GFS 2001 (Government Finance Statistics) methodology, a decrease in net worth resulting from a financial transaction in relation to Government. According to this methodology, Budgetary Central Government expenses are composed of the following main categories: compensation of employees (21), use of goods and services (22), consumption of fixed capital (23), interest (24), subsidies (25), grants (26), social benefits (27) and other expense (28).

Compensation of employees (21) is the total remuneration, in cash or in kind, payable to a government employee. It includes both wages and salaries (211) and social contributions (212) made on behalf of employees to social insurance schemes.

**Use of goods and services (22)** represents the total value of goods and services purchased by government sector for use in a production process or acquired for resale less the net change in inventories of those goods and services.

**Consumption of fixed capital (23)** is the decline during the course of an accounting period in the value of fixed assets, as a result of psychical deterioration, normal obsolescence or normal accidental damage. Namely, consumption of fixed capital is not included in budgetary reports because such data are still not available for the report purposes, according to the GFS 2001 methodology.

**Interest (24)** is an expense resulting from a government unit borrowing funds from another unit. Total interest payable is subdivided into interest payable to non-residents (241), interest payable to residents other than general government (242) and interest payable to other general government units (243).

**Subsidies (25)** are current non-repayable payments that government makes to enterprises based on the level of their production activities or the quantities or values of goods or services they produce, sell, export or import. Subsidies also include transfers to public corporations and quasi-corporations aimed to compensate for losses arising from pricing policies that reflect deliberate government economic and social policy by charging prices that are lower than the average cost of production. Subsidies are classified by recipient type: whether it is a public financial/nonfinancial enterprise (251) or private financial/nonfinancial enterprise (252).

**Grants (26)** are non-compulsory current or capital transfers, in cash or kind, classified by type of recipients: grants to foreign government (261), grants to international organizations (262) and grants to other general government units (263).

Social benefits (27) are defined as current transfers, classified according the type of scheme governing their payment:

- Social security benefits (271) are social benefits payable to households by social security schemes. Typical social security benefits in cash
  include sickness and invalidity benefits, maternity allowances, children's or family allowances, unemployment benefits, retirement and
  survivors' pensions. In-kind benefits from insurance include goods and services acquired on the market for the household, or reimbursement
  for household expenses for that purpose. Medical or dental treatments, surgery, hospital accommodation, pharmaceutical products, home
  care and similar goods and services fall into this category.
- Social assistance benefits (272) are transfers payable to households and aimed to cover the same needs as social insurance benefits but that are not subject to social insurance schemes. Social assistance benefits may be paid in cases when no social insurance scheme exists to cover the circumstances in question, when households do not participate in existing social insurance schemes, or when social insurance benefits are inadequate to meet particular needs. In the Republic of Croatia, a larger part of this category refers to child allowances, various aids to families and households, disabled persons, etc. Grants in kind include co-financing of transportation costs, home care, accommodation, food and other similar goods and services.
- Employer social benefits (273) are social benefits payable by government to their employees similar to social insurance schemes. In the Republic of Croatia, a major part of this category relates to severance payments.

# Other expense (28) is subdivided into two main categories:

- Property expense other then interest (281) may take the form of dividends (as distributions of profits by public corporations to their shareholders or owners), withdrawals from income of quasi-corporations, property income from insurance policyholders or rent (as the expense related to the lease of land, subsoil assets and other nonproduced naturally occurring assets). Rent of land is the most important in this category.
- Miscellaneous expense (282) includes a number of current or capital transfers such as: current transfers to non-profit institutions, payments of compensation for injuries or damages caused by natural disasters or caused by general government units, scholarship, purchases of goods and services from market producers that are distributed directly to households for consumption (except social benefits), capital grants to enterprises and non-profit institutions serving households for the acquisition of nonfinancial assets or coverage of accumulated losses, capital grants to households for construction and reconstruction purposes, etc.



As of 1st of July 2001, Budgetary Central Government expense includes the expense for domestic pensions, which was prior to that expense of the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance.

As of 1st of January 2002, Budgetary Central Government expense includes the expense originating from employment rights as well as expense based on health insurance, which were prior to that expenses of the Croatian Employment Service and Croatian Health Insurance Institute respectively.

As of 1st of January 2004, Budgetary Central Government expense includes the expense for foreign pensions, which was prior to that expense of the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance.

All mentioned expenses are classified according to the GFS 2001 methodology.

As of 1st of January 2003, the coverage of the Budgetary Central Government is expanded by classifying the Regional Development Fund and the Development and Employment Fund as budget users, which were prior to that classified as extrabudgetary funds.

Since 2007 social security funds (Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance, Croatian Health Insurance Institute and Croatian Employment Service) have been included in the coverage of Budgetary Central Government.

## Table 4: Transactions in Nonfinancial Assets of Budgetary Central Government

Nonfinancial assets (31) usually occur as outputs from a production process, as natural resources or as a creation of society. Depending on that, nonfinancial assets are classified as produced and nonproduced nonfinancial assets. According to GFS 2001 methodology, all assets, including nonfinancial assets, as well as liabilities are observed from several aspects using different classifications identified by different codes. Those classifications are then further subdivided in groups according to categories of assets/liabilities which are identical among classifications. Namely, GFS 2001 observes assets and liabilities from the aspects of: transactions (classification 3); gains/losses from holdings of assets and liabilities (classification 4); other flows in assets/liabilities (classification 5); and stocks (classification 6). Currently, not all the data needed to produce classifications 4, 5 and 6 are available in the Republic of Croatia. As a result, the reports include only data on transactions (code 31 for nonfinancial assets). In this sense, the following definitions and codes should be acknowledged.

Produced nonfinancial assets are composed of following components, according to GFS 2001:

- Fixed assets (311) represent produced assets that are used repeatedly or continuously in the production process for more than one year. Fixed assets are composed of three main categories:
  - buildings and structures (3111), which by the existing chart of account also includes the subgroup of construction objects;
  - machinery and equipment (3112), which by existing chart of accounts also includes the subgroup of transportation machinery as well
    as the subgroup of books, artworks and other art values;
  - other fixed assets (3113), which also includes cultivated assets (animal stock, plantations) as well as nonmaterial produced assets (investment in computer programs, science works etc.)
- Inventories (312) represent goods and services held by producers for sale, use in production or other use at a later date. Inventories are classified as strategic stocks (which include goods held for strategic and emergency purposes, goods held within organizations acting as market regulators as well as goods of special national interest) and other inventories (which consist of materials and supplies used in production process, work in progress, finished goods and goods for resale). Usually, those transactions appear with a small share in the budget.
- Valuables (313) are produced goods of considerable value that are acquired and held over time primarily as stores of value and not for purposes of production or consumption (precious stones, paintings, sculptures etc.).

**Nonproduced nonfinancial assets (314)** consist of tangible, naturally occurring assets over which ownership rights are enforced, and intangible nonproduced assets (3144) which are of social origin (patents, leasing contracts, goodwill etc.). Naturally occurring assets include land (3141), subsoil assets (3142) and other naturally occurring assets (3143), e.g. electro-magnetic frequencies.

All transactions that increase the value of a certain fixed asset are called **acquisitions**, while transactions that reduce the value of a certain category are called **disposals**. In order to record separately acquisitions and disposals, additional sub-codes are added after the code's decimal point (comma): number 1 to denote acquisitions and number 2 to denote disposals.

For example, the construction of a school building or a hospital is treated as an acquisition of fixed assets, i.e. buildings and structures (3111,1), while sales of public flats are denoted as sales of fixed assets (3111,2). Similarly, purchases of cars and computer equipment are treated as acquisitions of fixed assets, namely under machinery and equipment (3112,1) while sales of the same are denoted as sales of fixed assets (3112,2). As an exception according the GFS 2001 methodology, inventories are presented only as net changes resulting from transactions and not as gross values for acquisitions and disposals.

## Table 5: Transactions in Financial Assets of Budgetary Central Government

Financial assets (32) consist of financial claims, monetary gold and special drawing rights (SDR).

Financial claims are defined as financial assets which entitles one unit (creditor) to receive one or more payments from another unit (debtor) according to the terms of the agreement. Claims can figure as claims on other units, domestic (321) or foreign (322). The classification of financial assets is primarily based upon the degree of liquidity and legal characteristics of the instruments that describe the underlying creditor-debtor relationships: currency and deposits, securities other than shares, loans, shares and other equity, insurance technical reserves, financial derivatives and other accounts receivable.

Monetary gold and SDRs are not financial claims, which mean that they are not the liability of any other unit. They do, however, provide economic benefits by serving as a store of value and they are used as a means of payment to settle financial claims and finance other types of transactions. As a result, they are, by convention, treated as financial assets.

All transactions that increase a unit's holdings of assets are labelled as **acquisitions** and all transactions that decrease a unit's holdings of assets are labelled as **disposals**. According to GFS 2001, it is customary to present only net acquisition of financial assets but here the data is presented through acquisitions and disposal due to transparency. The same coding system described in nonfinancial assets is also used for financial assets. For example, government loans to domestic units should be classified as acquisition of financial assets (3214,1) and their repayment by domestic units to government should be classified as disposal of financial assets (3214,2). Also, privatisation is a typical example of transactions in financial assets. Namely, sales of domestic public enterprise shares (privatisation) should be recorded as disposals of shares and other equity (3215,2) and purchase of some enterprise shares by government should be recorded as acquisitions of shares and other equity (3215,1).



## Table 6: Transactions in Liabilities of Budgetary Central Government

Upon the creation of a financial claim of the creditor, the debtor, as the counterpart of the financial asset, simultaneously incurs a **liability (33)** of equal value. As well as transactions in financial assets, transactions in liabilities are defined as domestic (331) or foreign liabilities (332). The classification of liabilities is primarily based upon the degree of liquidity and legal characteristic of the instruments that describe the underlying creditor-debtor relationships: currency and deposits, securities other than shares, loans, shares and other equity (only of public corporations so they don't appear in the budget), insurance technical reserves, financial derivatives and other accounts receivable.

Transactions that increase the level of liabilities are referred to as **incurrence** of liabilities, while transactions that decrease the level of liabilities are referred to as **repayment**. As in the case of financial assets and due to transparency, the reports present gross repayments (denoted by number 1) and incurrence (denoted by number 2). For example, bonds issued by government in the foreign financial market are classified as foreign incurrence of securities other than shares (3323,2), and their redemptions should be recorded as repayment of securities other than shares (3323,1). Also, when the government borrows from domestic units, this transaction should be recorded as incurrence of loans (3314,2) and their redemption should be recorded as repayment of loans (3314,1). The only exception are repayments of short-term loans and the amortization of short-term securities performed within the same year that are, according to Article 77, point (3) of the Budget Accounting and Chart of Accounts Ordinance ("Official Gazette" 27/2005 and 127/2007), presented as net value, hence as a reduction in incurrence rather than as a repayment.

The result of net transactions in liabilities (33) and net transactions in financial assets (32) is defined as financing.

## Table 7: Transactions in financial assets and liabilities, by sectors

Table 7 represents a summary of transactions in financial assets and liabilities by sector. Data for Budgetary Central Government, Extrabudgetary Users and Consolidated Central Government is published monthly, while data for Local Government and Consolidated General Government is published quarterly.

#### Table 8-8B

According to the GFS 2001 methodology, the Statement of Budgetary Central Government Operations details data on transactions in revenues (1), transactions in expenses (2), net transactions of nonfinancial assets (31), net transactions of financial assets (32) and net transactions of liabilities (33).

**Operating balance** is equal to revenue (1) minus expense (2).

Operating balance represents a measure of total cost of public goods and services. Positive operating balance increases net worth of the public sector indicating an excess of resources which are direct result of current operations and which can be used to acquire assets and/or to reduce liabilities. On the other hand, negative operating balance indicates a shortage of resources which is the result of current operations and, which reduces net worth and thus results as an increase in liabilities and/or sales of assets. Hence, operating balance is the indicator of sustainability of current government operations, but it is not necessarily an indicator of sustainability of future government operations. Value of operating balance is close to current deficit/surplus as defined according to GFS 1986. **Net operating balance** equals revenue (1) minus expense (2). The **gross operating balance** equals revenue (1) minus expense (2) other than consumption of fixed capital (23). In Croatia, the gross and net operating balance is the same due to the lack of data on consumption of fixed capital.

**Primary operating balance** is equal to operating balance (revenue minus expense) augmented by interest expense and serves as an indicator of current fiscal policy considering that it does not include interest expense and hence excludes effects of past deficits and accumulated public debt from the balance.

**Net lending/borrowing** is equal to operating balance minus net acquisition of nonfinancial assets. Net lending/borrowing is also equal to net acquisition of financial assets minus net incurrence of liabilities or in other words, the amount of net lending/borrowing is financed with the difference between the net incurrence of liabilities and net acquisition of financial assets. This measure can serve as an indicator of financial effect of government operations to the rest of the economy: positive net lending/borrowing implies that the government is placing financial assets to domestic sectors or abroad, while negative net lending/borrowing implies an incurrence of liabilities from domestic sectors or abroad by the government.

# **Tables 9-14**

According to Article 3 of the Budget Act ("Official Gazette" 87/2008), extrabudgetary users are extrabudgetary funds, enterprises and other legal entities in which the central or local government has decisive management control. **An extrabudgetary fund** is an extrabudgetary user; a legal entity created by law and financed by specific contributions and other revenues.

The Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance, Croatian Health Insurance Institute, Croatian Employment Service and the public enterprise "Croatian Waters" have been classified as extrabudgetary users since 1994. By the end of 2001 two more funds were created, namely the Development and Employment Fund and the Regional Development Fund, which took over some of the Budgetary Central Government activities resulting in an expansion of the coverage of extrabudgetary users since the 1st of January 2002. As of the 1st of January 2003, these funds ceased being extrabudgetary funds and have been included in the coverage of the Budgetary Central Government as budgetary funds/users.

As of the 1st of July 2001, revenues from pension insurance contributions and expenses for pensions have been transferred from the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance to Budgetary Central Government. The largest share of pension payments (domestic pensions) was paid directly through the State Treasury, while the remaining payments were performed through the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance.

As of the 1st of January 2002, revenues from contributions and expenses for settlement of particular obligations of the Croatian Health Insurance Institute and Croatian Employment Service have been transferred to the Budgetary Central Government (through the State Treasury system). Currently, contributions for pension insurance amount to 20 percent of the salary (persons that participate in the second pillar of the pension insurance system pay 15 percent for the first pillar plus 5percent for the second pillar). Contributions paid by employers include special contributions for the insurance against work injuries and professional diseases in the amount of 0.5 percent on salaries, health insurance contributions amounting 15 percent on salaries as well as employment contributions in the amount of 1.7 percent on salaries.



In April of 2001, two new state-owned legal entities were created, namely the Croatian Motorways and Croatian Roads. These entities took over the functions of the former Croatian Road Authority. Data on these entities as well as data on the State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Rehabilitation and the Croatian Privatization Fund was presented in the reports of 2002 according to the requirements of the IMF methodology. Since 2003, they have become part of the official coverage of Consolidated Central Government, which is used in the process of budget creation.

Since the 1st of January 2004, the coverage of extrabudgetary funds also includes the Environment Protection Fund. Further, since the 1st of May 2004, payments of foreign pensions were performed directly through the State Treasury and no longer by transfer to the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance. As of the 1st of January 2007, all the transactions of the Croatian Institute for Pension Insurance, the Croatian Health Insurance Institute and the Croatian Employment Service have been included in the Budgetary Central Government.

Tables 9-14 detail data on revenue and expense according to the economic classification as well as transactions in nonfinancial assets, financial assets and liabilities for each extrabudgetary user.

With the budget 2008 revision (July 2008), in order to align with the European statistical methodology ESA 95, the Croatian Motorways has been classified into the public non-financial corporations subsector and its transactions are not recorded within the general government sector any more. Regarding this, the data for the year 2008 have been recalculated and presented in that way as of N° 154. The said change, besides the changes in the extrabudgetary users' tables, implies also the recalculation in the tables 3, 8, 15, 16, 16A, 16B, 18 and 19.

#### **Table 15: Consolidated Central Government by Economic Category**

The Consolidated Central Government according to GFS 2001 methodology is equivalent to the Consolidated Central Government Budget as defined by the Budget Act (Consolidated State Budget and financial plans of extrabudgetary users).

The Consolidated Central Government Budget results from the consolidation of financial transactions between the State Budget and extrabudgetary users, as well as between the extrabudgetary users themselves.

Table 15 presents the Consolidated Central Government's revenue and expense as well as the transactions in nonfinancial assets, financial assets and liabilities according to the economic classification.

## Table 16: Consolidated Central Government According to Government Level

Table 16 gives summary of revenue, expense, transactions in nonfinancial assets, financial assets and liabilities for each of the component of the Consolidated Central Government, namely the Budgetary Central Government and extrabudgetary users (disaggregated).

## **Table 16A-16B**

**Operating balance** is equal to revenue (1) minus expense (2).

Operating balance represents a measure of total cost of public goods and services. Positive operating balance increases net worth of the public sector indicating an excess of resources which are direct result of current operations and which can be used to acquire assets and/or to reduce liabilities. On the other hand, negative operating balance indicates a shortage of resources which is the result of current operations and, which reduces net worth and thus results as an increase in liabilities and/or sales of assets. Hence, operating balance is the indicator of sustainability of current government operations, but it is not necessarily an indicator of sustainability of future government operations. Value of operating balance is close to current deficit/ surplus as defined according to GFS 1986. **Net operating balance** equals revenue (1) minus expense (2). The **gross operating balance** equals revenue (1) minus expense (2) other than consumption of fixed capital (23). In Croatia, the gross and net operating balance is the same due to the lack of data on consumption of fixed capital.

**Primary operating balance** is equal to operating balance (revenue minus expense) augmented by interest expense and serves as an indicator of current fiscal policy considering that it does not include interest expense and hence excludes effects of past deficits and accumulated public debt from the balance.

**Net lending/borrowing** is equal to operating balance minus net acquisition of nonfinancial assets. Net lending/borrowing is also equal to net acquisition of financial assets minus net incurrence of liabilities or in other words, the amount of net lending/borrowing is financed with the difference between the net incurrence of liabilities and net acquisition of financial assets. This measure can serve as an indicator of financial effect of government operations to the rest of the economy: positive net lending/borrowing implies that the government is placing financial assets to domestic sectors or abroad, while negative net lending/borrowing implies an incurrence of liabilities from domestic sectors or abroad by the government.

# <u>Table 17: Local Government Transactions (the largest 53 units)</u>

Table 17 details data on revenue and expense of local governments (53 largest units that include counties, the City of Zagreb and other 32 cities, which make up to 70-80 percent of total transactions and which are in this sense observed since 2001) according to economic category as well as data on transactions in nonfinancial assets, financial assets and liabilities. Table 20 is published quarterly according to financial reports of the Financial Agency (FINA).

According to the Law on Financing of Local Governments ("Official Gazette" 117/93, 69/97, 33/00, 127/00, 59/01, 107/01, 117/01, 150/02, 147/03, 132/06, 26/07 and 73/08) local governments acquire revenue from own sources, through mutual taxes and through grants from state and county budgets.

Counties own sources of revenues are as follow: income from own assets, county taxes (inheritance and gift tax, motor vehicle tax, seafaring and freshwater vessel tax, gaming machine tax), monetary fines, confiscated assets and other revenue as stipulated by special legislation.

The own sources of revenues of municipalities and cities are: income from own assets, municipal taxes (consumption tax, vacation houses tax, public land use tax, tax on company name), monetary fines, administrative fees, residence fees, utility charges, charges for the use of public municipal or urban land and other revenue as stipulated by special legislation. Beside this, cities and municipalities can impose surtax to income tax as an additional revenue source (up to 10 percent in municipalities, up to 12 percent in cities below 30,000 inhabitants, up to 15 percent in cities with the population above 30,000 and up to 30 percent in the City of Zagreb).



Mutual taxes of Budgetary Central Government and local and regional self-government units are: property sales tax (the share of municipalities and cities is 60 percent and that of the Budgetary Central Government 40 percent), personal income tax (municipalities and cities receive 55 percent increased by share of decentralised functions, counties 15.5 percent also increased by share of decentralised functions, the share of grants for adjustment for decentralized functions is 17.5 percent and the share for decentralised functions is 12 percent. The City of Zagreb receives 70.5 percent of personal income tax increased by share for decentralised functions. For those municipalities and cities on islands that reach an agreement on mutual financing of a capital project concerning island development, the share of personal income tax increases by 17.5 percent. Municipalities and cities located in the Areas of Special State Concern or in the Mountain Areas, the share of personal income tax amount to 90 percent.

The part of personal income tax revenue which is allotted from Budgetary Central Government to local governments on the basis of decentralized functions is treated as grant from other general government units according to GFS 2001 methodology.

## Table 18: Consolidated General Government by Economic Category

Table 18 details data by economic category on revenue and expense as well as data on transactions in nonfinancial assets, financial assets and liabilities of the Consolidated General Government and it is published quarterly.

In terms of the Budget Act, the **Consolidated Budget of Republic of Croatia** represents the Consolidated Central Government and Consolidated Local Governments Budget. In terms of the GFS 2001 methodology it relates to Consolidated General Government.

**The Consolidated General Government** is the result of the consolidation of transactions on all government levels and among them - Budgetary Central Government, Extrabudgetary Users and Local Government Budgets (the largest 53 units).

## Table 19: Consolidated General Government by government level

Table 19 details data on aggregate amounts of revenue, expense, transactions in nonfinancial and financial assets as well as transactions in liabilities for each component of the Consolidated General Government: Budgetary Central Government, Extrabudgetary Users and Local Government Budgets (the largest 53 units). It is published quarterly and for further methodology notes see explanation for table 18.

# Table 20: General Government debt stock

This table gives an overview of the foreign and domestic debt of the Central Government, Extrabudgetary Users and Local Government. According to the Budget Act (Official Gazette no. 87/2008), public debt is defined as the debt of the General Budget.

In December of 2003, debt of HAC, HC, DAB and HFP was classified from Central Government sector to Extrabudgetary Users sector.

According to the new methodology, general government domestic debt also includes accrued interests.

The International Monetary Fund and the World Bank introduced a new international reporting standard on external debt in 2004. The new standard is based on recommendations derived from the new External Debt Statistics - Guide for Compilers and Users and is accepted by countries members of the Special Data Dissemination Standard - SDDS. Since Croatia is member the SDDS, the Ministry of Finance started compiling external debt data according to the new standard since the beginning of 2005. Data in line with the new standard is available since the no. 115 of the Monthly Statistical Review.

## Table 21: Consolidated Central Government Domestic Debt

**Frozen Foreign Exchange Deposits** - at the end of 1991 and based on a directive of the Croatian Government ("Official Gazette" 71/91, 3/92, 12/92, 71/92, 103/93), the foreign exchange deposits of citizens in banks operating in the Republic of Croatia as of the 27th of April 1991 were converted into public debt of the Republic of Croatia. The deposits were augmented by the corresponding interest rate payments in 1991. The claims amounting DEM 5.034 billion were substituted by bonds of the Republic of Croatia repaid in twenty semi-annual instalments beginning as of 30th of June 1995.

**Big Bonds** were issued in 1991 with a DEM 1,550.09 million nominal value. In 1996 Big Bonds were split into Big Bonds I, Big Bonds II (Riječka banka and Splitska banka), Big Bonds III (Privredna banka) and Big Bonds IV (Privredna banka). Big Bonds IV (Privredna Banka) were redeemed in 2000. In April 2000, the Government replaced the old Big Bonds I, which were not paying interest, with new bonds for economic restructuring (Big Bonds I). The new Big Bonds I mature in 2011 and pay an annual interest rate of 5percent.

**Reconstruction Bonds** were issued in 1992 and 1993 ("Official Gazette" No. 65/91) in order to collect funds to finance the reconstruction of wardamaged commercial, religious and cultural heritage structures. There were 3 bond issues: the first issue had a value of DEM 50 million and USD 30 million, the second issue was worth CAD 10 million, while the third issue had a value of AUD 25 million.

**Bonds - Series D** are issued through a syndicate of domestic banks in order to foster the development of domestic capital markets. Bonds Series 01 D-04 were issued in 2001 with a EUR 200 million nominal value, maturing in three years with an annual interest rate of 6.5 percent ("Official Gazette" No. 80/2001). Bonds Series 02-D8 were issued in 2001 with a EUR 200 million nominal value, for a seven-year period and 6.875 percent annual interest rate ("Official Gazette" No. 112/2001). Bonds Series 03 D-12 were issued in three tranches. The first two issues took place in 2002 with a EUR 300 million nominal value. The third issue took place in January 2003 with a EUR 200 million nominal value. These bonds mature in 2012 and pay an annual interest rate of 6.875 percent ("Official Gazette" No. 58/2002, No. 111/2002, No. 14/2003).

**BRA Bonds:** BRA Bonds I were issued for the rehabilitation of Riječka banka (HRK 552 million, "Official Gazette" Nos. 31/96, 20/98) and Splitska banka (HRK 765 million, "Official Gazette" Nos. 31/96, 22/98). Bonds for the rehabilitation of Privredna banka were issued in the amount of HRK 1,463 million. There were 3 bond issues ("Official Gazette", No. 106/98): BRA Bonds II (PBZ-DEM) were issued in the amount of DEM 84,333.6 million or equivalently HRK 300 million for a 15-year period. BRA Bonds III (PBZ-HRK) were issued in the amount of HRK 744 million for a 15-year period. BRA Bonds IV (PBZ-HRK) were issued during 1998 for the rehabilitation of Dubrovačka banka in an amount of HRK 1,001.5 million for a 10-year period ("Official Gazette", No. 56/98). During 1998, as part of the rehabilitation process of Dubrovačka banka, a large portion of this bonds were redeemed. At the beginning of 1999, a new decision on the rehabilitation and reconstruction of Dubrovačka banka was enacted ("Official Gazette", No. 11/99). The new decision prompted the issue of bonds in the amount of HRK 2,601.8 million, consisting of HRK 1,001.5 million in compliance with the former decision plus the new HRK 1,415.3 million for coverage of potential losses and additional HRK 185 million as recapitalisation of the bank. BRA Bonds V-A were issued as a



substitute for the unredeemed portion of the BRA Bonds V, whereas BRA bonds V-B covered the remaining part (HRK 1,600.3 million) according the new decision.

**Treasury Bills** are short-term securities issued by the Ministry of Finance. The issue price is set at regular auctions, while the planned issue is announced by the Ministry of Finance with the bid invitation. Treasury bills are issued with the maturity of 91,182, 364 and 728 days.

**Deposit Insurance Scheme BRA Bonds** are issued by the State Agency for Deposit Insurance and Bank Rehabilitation and are guaranteed by the Government. They are issued in order to foster the development of domestic capital markets and as means of payment for the insured deposits of bankrupted banks. Deposit Insurance Scheme BRA Bonds I were issued in 2000 with a EUR 105 million nominal value, an annual interest rate of 8percent and with a maturity of 3 years. Deposit Insurance Scheme BRA Bonds II were issued in 2000 with a EUR 225 million nominal value, 2005 maturity and 8.375 percent annual interest rate.

**Health Institute Bonds** were issued by the Croatian Health Insurance Institute and were guaranteed by the Government with the purpose to foster the development of the domestic capital market and to help the restructuring of the health insurance system. These Bonds were issued in 2000 with a nominal value of EUR 222 million and 8.5percent annual interest rate with the maturity in 2004.

## Table 22: Results of the Treasury Bills' auctions held by the Ministry of Finance

**Treasury Bills** are short-term securities issued by the Ministry of Finance. The issue price is set at regular auctions, while the planned issue is announced by the Ministry of Finance with the bid invitation. Treasury bills are issued with maturity of 91,182, 364 and 728 days.

Table 22 details the results of the treasury bills' auctions held by the Ministry of Finance, classified by the date of auction and including the following: size, total bids received, weighted average of the bids received (HRK)/yielding (percent), uniform price allocation per 100 HRK/yielding (percent).

#### Table 23: Balance Sheet of public enterprises

According to Article 13 of the Law on Accountancy (Official Gazette no. 146/2005) the Balance Sheet is a systematic overview of assets, capital and liabilities on a certain date

Table 23 is based on data retrieved from the Balance Sheet as fundamental financial statement, for nine selected public enterprises owned by the government. Table 23 presents the reduced form of the Balance Sheet for the mentioned enterprises detailing selected entries within assets (claims on unpaid share equity; non-current assets; current assets; prepayments and accrued income; loss above the value of equity) as well as within equity and liabilities (equity and reserves; long term provisions; noncurrent liabilities; current liabilities; accruals and deferred income).

## Table 24: Profit and Loss Statement of public enterprises

According to article 13 of the Law on Accountancy (Official Gazette 146/2005) the Profit and Loss Statement is a fundamental financial statement detailing revenues and expenses as well as the financial result achieved in a certain period of time.

Table 24 presents the reduced form of the Profit and Loss Statement with selected entries (operational income; operational costs; financial revenue; financial expense; income on ordinary activities; expenses on ordinary activities; income on non-ordinary activities; expenses on non-ordinary activities; total income; total expenses; profit/loss before tax; profit/loss for the year).

# Table 25: Trade payables and trade receivables of public enterprises

Table 25 represents short financial statement "Trade payables and trade receivables" of selected eight public enterprises. Data are collected quarterly within the whole set of reports on public enterprises in which Republic of Croatia holds majority share. Provided data present overdue trade payables and overdue trade receivables of selected public enterprise on a particular day.

# Note:

All diagrams shown in text about fiscal sector refer to Budgetary Central Government.

The GFS 2001 Manual is published on the IMF web site under the following address:

http://www.imf.org/external/pubs/ft/gfs/manual/comp.htm



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**Head of Sector** 

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**Tax Administration:** 

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Financial Inspectorate: Chief Inspector and Director

Slavica Pezer-Blečić, M.Sc.

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Independent Department for Public Relations and Communications: Spokesman

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**Head of Service** Tomislav Mičetić

Independent Department for Financial Management, Internal Monitoring and Control:

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# **ADVANCE RELEASE CALENDAR**

Ministry of Finance Monthly Statistical Review	Notes	se			
		April 10	May 10	June 10	July 10
number		171	172	173	174
SDDS Data Category		April 10	May 10	June 10	July 10
General Government operations	1)	(12/09)			(03/10)
Central Government operations	2)	(12/09)	(01/10)	(02/10)	(03/10)
Internal Central Government Debt	3)	(12/09)	(01/10)	(02/10)	(03/10)

- 1) Consolidated central government, extrabudgetary users and local government according to GFS 2001
- 2) Consolidated central government and extrabudgetary users according to GFS 2001  $\,$
- 3) Stock of central government domestic debt